ANNEX D TO FAIRFIELD COUNTY EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN

PUBLIC INFORMATION

I. AUTHORITIES AND REFERENCES

A. Purpose

To provide for the preparation and prompt dissemination of official information, instructions, and directions to the public prior to, during and after disasters.

B. Authority

- 1. Fairfield County Ordinance No. 487, dated May 9, 2005.
- 2. South Carolina Legislative Act Number 199, July 30, 1979.
- 3. Fairfield County Mitigation Plan

C. Definitions

- 1. **CRISIS RELOCATION**--The movement of population from high risk areas to those of lower risks.
- 2. **EAS** (**EMERGENCY ALERT SYSTEM**)—Emergency Information dissemination system which includes the electronic news media, particularly radio stations. Through this system, the public is warned of impending danger, resulting from natural or technological disaster, and is given guidance for protection of life and property and other vital information.
- 3. **EMERGENCY PUBLIC INFORMATION** (*EPI*)--Information which is disseminated primarily, but not unconditionally, at the actual time of an emergency; and in addition to providing information as such, frequently directs actions, instructs and transmits direct orders.
- 4. **PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICER** (*PIO*)--The designated individual responsible for disseminating official information relating to disaster operations.
- 5. **REACHSC**—An interactive tool linking state and local authorities and medical personnel during preparations for and responses to emergency situation. REACHSC is capable of alerting emergency responders in critical situations.

II. SITUATION AND ASSUMPTIONS

A. Situation

1. In all disaster situations which Fairfield County is subject to, whether natural, technological or terrorist act, the public information function basically is routine, except that problems may be multiplied and more complex. All information received before, during and after a disaster must be compiled,

evaluated and disseminated with the intent that the community survive and recover from that disaster.

B. Assumptions

- 1. An effective program combining both education and emergency information can significantly reduce loss life and property.
- 2. Media will cooperate in disseminating warning and emergency public information during emergency situations and may participate in pre-disaster awareness programs and other disaster education in activities.
- 3. Some emergency situation may generate substantial media interest and draw both local media and media from outside the local area, overwhelming the available public information staff.

III. MISSION

To receive, evaluate, prepare and disseminate official emergency information, instructions and directions to the population of Fairfield County prior to, during and after a disaster situation.

IV. CONCEPT OF OPERATIONS

A. General

- 1. Fairfield County does not have a full time PIO staff. The PIO position is currently served by the Deputy County Administrator and Assistant PIO is the Human Resources Director.
- 2. The PIO will release emergency public information from the Emergency Operations Center (*EOC*) to appropriate news media.
- 3. The PIO will coordinate in the EOC, with the appropriate communications and news media personnel to disseminate emergency public information (EPI) in a timely manner. *See Appendices 1-6.*
- 4. All public information releases containing an official statement from the county government shall carry--as a final paragraph--the sentence: "This is an official notice to the public from the Fairfield County Emergency Management Department." See Annex Q.
- 5. For natural disaster information radio station WCOS 560 AM or 97.5 FM in Columbia, SC is designated as the official EAS station for Fairfield County.
- 6. The PIO will be trained on the principles of the National Incident Management System (NIMS) and integrate those principles into all PIO planning and response operations.

B. Providing Emergency Information to Special Population

Special populations will be provided information on emergency situations and appropriate instructions by the following methods:

- 1. Visually-impaired: EAS messages and news advisories on radio, NOAA Weather-Radio, or door-to-door notification
- 2. Hearing-impaired: Captioned EAS messages and news advisories on television, print media
- 3. Non-English Speakers: Radio, TV, Newspaper and other appropriate means

C. Rumor Control

News conferences and interviews will be conduct as needed to manage rumor control.

D. Media Staging

- 1. An area for a Media Center will be designated as soon as possible. In most situations, the designated area will be Fairfield County Courthouse. In the event facility is unavailable, the Magistrate Court facility is a second alternative. Should neither location be available, a place should be selected that is some distance from the EOC.
- 2. If there is a visual (a fire or rescue operation), a media staging area may be located as close to the site as possible. The Public Information team will decide any additional locations for interviews and press briefings/
- 3. The media will be required to be escorted to and from the Media center during a crisis event. Escorts will be competent support personnel.

D. Inter-jurisdictional

The Chief PIO will coordinate public information activities with the PIO(s) of the jurisdiction(s) involved.

F. Actions by Phases of Emergency Management

1. Preparedness

- a. PIO identifies emergency staff and confirms their availability. See Appendix 2.
- b. PIO prepares and releases educational materials to the media in coordination with the Emergency Management Director.
- c. PIO compiles pre-recorded tapes and other prepared material for disaster preparations, including all Fairfield County Emergency Public Information (*EPI*).
- d. PIO prepares and releases to the media such public information announcements as are appropriate after verifying and authenticating coordination with the Emergency Management Director.

- e. PIO develops procedures for addressing rumor control.
- f. Ensure PIO integrate NIMS principles in all planning. As a minimum, the primary PIO for the county will complete FEMA's NIMS Awareness Course, or an equivalent course.
- g. Develop inter-jurisdictional procedures.

2. **Response**

- a. On notice from county government, PIO assembles emergency information staff.
- b. PIO briefs information staff on the situation.
- c. At appropriate time, PIO Staff prepare and disseminate public information announcements after coordination with the Emergency Management Director. *See Appendices 3-9*.
- d. When appropriate, PIO utilizes pre-recorded tapes and other prepared material, including all Fairfield County Emergency Public Information (EPI).
- e. Each agency will speak for itself.

3. **Recovery**

PIO Staff prepare and disseminate information appropriate to the situation.

4. Mitigation

Develop systems to enhance information dissemination during emergency situations.

V. ORGANIZATION AND ASSIGNMENT OF RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Organization

1. See Organization Chart, Appendix 1.

B. Responsibilities

- 1. The Fairfield County Public Information Officer is responsible for the timely preparation and dissemination of official information to the public prior to, during and after a disaster.
- 2. The Public Information Officer will coordinate with the news media and public information personnel of local and state government.
- 3. Serve as the representative in the JIC, if such facility is activated.

VI. ADMINISTRATION AND LOGISTICS

A. Administration

- 1. The PIO will begin keeping the County Council Chairman informed of significant information received from any source as soon as activated.
- 2. The PIO will submit to the Emergency Management Director an after action report covering significant information activities which occurred as a result of deploying emergency management services.

B. Logistics

Information service agencies supplies transportation and equipment will be fully utilized. Additional supplies and transportation will be requested through the Fairfield County EOC.

VII. DIRECTION AND CONTROL

A. Direction

- 1. Public Information activities will be coordinated through the Fairfield County Emergency Operations Center (EOC).
- 2. The Fairfield County EOC will be located at one of the following sites and will be announced by the Fairfield County Emergency Management Department at the time of activation:
 - a. **Primary**--- located at 100 Tidewater Dr, Winnsboro, SC.
 - b. **Alternate**--Fairfield County Governmental Complex located at 350 Columbia Rd, Winnsboro, SC.
- Public Information activities will utilize telephone systems (and radio communications organic to news media) to maximum extent available. The communications service provides alternate communications between the EOC and communities.

B. Line of Succession

- 1. Public Information Officer
- 2. Assistant Public Information Officer
- 3. Director, Emergency Management Department

VIII. PLAN DEVELOPMENT AND MAINTENANCE

A. Development

The PIO officer will be responsible for the development and maintenance of this annex.

B. Maintenance

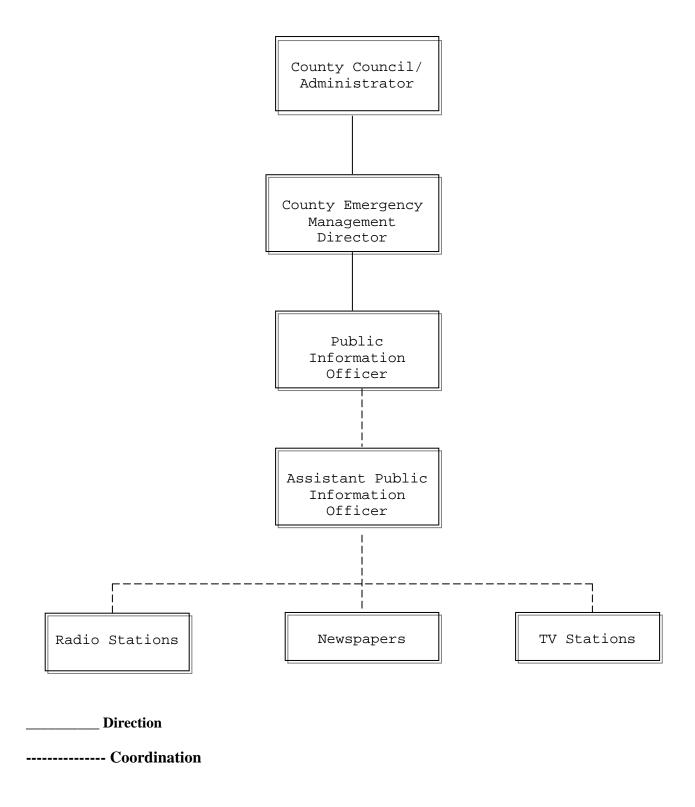
This plan will be reviewed and updated annually.		
Public Information Officer	Date	
Director, Fairfield County	Date	
Emergency Management Department		

APPENDICES:

- 1. Organization Chart
- 2. News Media Alert Roster
- 3. News Release General Information For The Farmer
- 4. Sample News Release
- 5. S.C. EAS Operational Plan
- **6.** Public Information Procedures (FNF)
- 7. SC Emergency Management Department Sample EAS Messages and News Releases

APPENDIX 1 TO ANNEX D, PIO—ORGANIZATION CHART

FAIRFIELD COUNTY



APPENDIX 2 TO ANNEX D, PIO--NEWS MEDIA ALERT ROSTER

FAIRFIELD COUNTY

State Warning Point Public Information Officer Assistant Public Information Officer (2)

Radio Station

WVOC 560 AM (Columbia, S.C.) WCOS 97.5 FM (Columbia, S.C.)

TV Stations

WCTV-4 (Winnsboro, S.C.)

WIS TV-10 (Columbia, S.C.)

Newspaper

Herald-Independent

State EOC

Duty Officer **Refer to Monthly STATE DUTY ROSTER

**ALL TELEPHONE NUMBERS ARE KEPT CURRENT IN OUR COUNTY ALERT LIST SOP, DISTRIBUTED TO APPROPRIATE AGENCIES.

APPENDIX 3 TO ANNEX D, PIO--EMERGENCY PUBLIC INFORMATION

GENERAL INFORMATION FOR THE FARMER

If you live on a farm, your pre-fallout preparations will have a lot to do with your cleaning up afterward. You should place as much of your livestock and produce in barns as you can. A normally filled hayloft affords some shielding from fallout radiation for animals below. Farm machinery, trough wells and any produce you cannot get into barns should be covered with tarpaulins. You should store as much water in covered containers as you can. Radiation harms only living creatures; therefore, food, water, etc., would be safe covered.

Afterward, any livestock exposed to fallout could be washed or brushed to remove fallout particles. Water from wells and streams would be safe for animal use. Even water standing in a pond could be used since fallout particles would settle to the bottom. Feed and fodder stored under cover should be used first. If no other feed is available, animals would be turned out to pasture after a few days when the radioactivity has decreased.

Farm animals which have been exposed to fallout or which have fed on contaminated pastures could be slaughtered and the muscle meat would be fit for human consumption. Internal organs, however, such as the liver and spleen, should not be eaten unless no other food is available. Hogs and steers could be kept alive even with water and feed containing early fallout particles since it would be easier to preserve meat on the hoof than on the hook. If the radiation level in your area indicated that animal sickness may be widespread, you probably will be told and given instructions on slaughtering. Care must be taken in slaughtering to prevent contamination of the carcasses by fallout particles from the hides and digestive tracts.

Chickens and eggs would be a particularly important direct food resource because they are reactivity resistant to radiation. Milk from cows that have grazed on contaminated pasture would be reactive, but in the absence of other food in an emergency, it could be used.

Potatoes, corn and other field crops exposed to early fallout would be safe to eat after cleaning. Grain that has been covered, as in elevators, would be safe. Threshing would reduce the amount of fallout particles in grain. Threshed grain exposed to fallout could be made safer by washing.

Consult your county agent for information on what crops, pasturage and other methods will be best and safest to use. Seeds of all sorts are quite resistant to radiation and do not require any special protection.

APPENDIX 4 TO ANNEX D, PIO--SAMPLE NEWS RELEASE FAIRFIELD COUNTY EMERGENCY OPERATIONS PLAN

NEWS RELEASE

The Fairfield County Emergency Management Department in cooperation with VC Summer Nuclear Station will stage a simulated Nuclear Incident Alert.

The purpose of this exercise is to coordinate and execute plans utilizing resources available in the event of a nuclear incident, and to determine the effectiveness of the plan to deal with an incident similar in nature to the one being staged.

The exercise will be coordinated at the Emergency Operations Center located at the Fairfield County Government Complex. The center will be manned by administrative personnel from the involved county and state agencies. The exercise will be executed in designated areas within a ten-mile radius of the VC Summer Nuclear Station. Emergency personnel will be conducting a simulated door-to-door notification in these areas. Law Enforcement agencies will be manning Traffic Access Control Points on some routes in these areas.

Fairfield County Emergency Management Department requests your cooperation should you come in contact with the exercise in these areas.

This is an official notice to the public from the Fairfield County Emergency Management Department.

APPENDIX 5 TO ANNEX D, S.C. EAS OPERATIONAL PLAN

FAIRFIELD COUNTY

NOTE: The following is an extract from the S.C. EAS Operational Plan, which was approved in November 1990.

I. GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS

The listening and viewing habits of the general public are conducive to the positive effectiveness of the South Carolina Emergency Alert System (*EAS*). The instinctive reaction of the average person is to turn on his radio or television set in times of emergency. However, continuing public education is required to increase public awareness of the EAS as an established medium for the receipt and/or distribution of emergency information to the general public at the local, state and national levels.

II. **DEFINITIONS**

EMERGENCY—A situation posing an extraordinary threat to the safety of life and property. Examples are, but not limited to: tornadoes, flash floods, icing conditions, hurricanes, heavy snow, widespread fires, discharge of toxic gases, widespread power failures, industrial explosions, civil disorders and nuclear incidents.

SEVERE WEATHER WATCH—A severe weather **WATCH** indicates that the probabilities of a particular severe weather storm are high, and is an alert to the public of such severe weather conditions.

SEVERE WEATHER WARNING—A severe weather **WARNING** indicates that a particular severe weather storm has actually been sighted in an area or indicated by radar and serves notice to the public that severe weather conditions are almost certain to occur.

<u>DESIGNATED GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS</u>--The person or persons designated to request activation of the EAS and to make emergency announcements/broadcasts.

III. ACTIVATION

The South Carolina Emergency Alerting System (*EAS*) is activated by a request from authorized officials to the state's Originating Primary Relay Station WCOS-FM. WCOS-FM is the Local Primary 1 (LP-1) Station for activation of the EAS at state level.

IV. GENERAL PROCEDURES FOR USE OF BROADCASTING FACILITIES

A. When a severe weather **WATCH** is issued by the National Weather Service (NWS) for the State of South Carolina, all radio stations in South Carolina can receive copy of the WATCH over the following networks: Associated Press (AP), United Press International (UPI), NOAA Weather Wire, or NOAA Weather Radio.

APPENDIX 5 TO ANNEX D--SC EAS OPERATIONAL PLAN (Continued)

- **B.** When a severe weather **WARNING** is issued by the National Weather Service (NWS), the State of South Carolina, the NWS will notify the Local Primary (LP-1) directly.
- **C.** When any situation exists such as widespread fires, the Governor for other designated official will determine whether or not to request activation of the South Carolina Emergency Alerting System (*EAS*) through the LP-1 Station.
- **D.** For emergency situations not involving the entire state, authorities may request activation of the EAS through the LP-1 serving the affected region.

V. IMPLEMENTATION

A. Activation Procedures

- 1. Request activation of the EAS through WCOS-FM, Telephone Number (803) 256-7348, as soon as possible.
- 2. Work out broadcast details (i.e., live or recorded, immediate or delayed) with broadcast station personnel.
- 3. It is recommended that government officials use the following format when delivering the emergency announcement. The format is deliberately general in nature to allow for the uniqueness of each emergency situation, yet broad enough to insure completeness.
 - a. This is **Phyllis Watkins** of Fairfield County with a request to activate the S.C. Emergency Alerting System.
 - b. Situation summary (describe the nature of the emergency).
 - c. Instructions or message to the public.
 - d. Actions being taken by state and/or local government(s).
- 4. Keep lines open if necessary.
- 5. Follow-up with a FAX copy to station(s).
- **B.** County/municipality officials activating local EAS stations should follow the same procedures as listed above.
- VI. For EAS activation for Fairfield County see EAS Activation SOP.

A. General

Upon confirmed notification of an accident at the V.C. Summer Nuclear Station (*VCSNS*), the Fairfield County Emergency Management Director, with the approval of the County Administrator, will immediately activate the county Emergency Public Information (*EPI*) System to the degree warranted by plant conditions.

B. Procedures

- 1. The Emergency Management Director will notify the Public Information Officer (*PIO*) of existing plant conditions as well as brief the PIO on the state and/or VCSNS recommendations.
- 2. According to the Emergency Classification Level (*ECL*), the PIO will either place the Emergency Public Information staff on standby or request that pre-scripted information be readied for publication and broadcast.
- 3. Should conditions at the VCSNS degrade, the EPI system will immediately intensify its dissemination of protective action measures to insure public safety.
- 4. The PIO, Emergency Management Director, and the County Administrator must maintain close coordination to insure the accuracy and the credibility of all official news releases. No releases will be made without the approval of the County Administrator.
- 5. The PIO and the County Administrator will establish timely exchange of information among designated spokespersons.
- 6. When plant conditions warrant the dissemination of public protective actions, the V.C. Summer Nuclear Station will open and maintain a Joint Information Center (*JIC*) at the V.C. Summer Nuclear Training Center. When the JIC is activated, a county spokesperson will be dispatched to establish liaison with VCSNS, Federal and State spokespersons. Communications with the County EOC will be maintained to insure that the local government is aware of all jointly coordinated news releases.

7. News release criteria:

- a. State government will exercise primary responsibility and authority for the release of information relating to the <u>off-site</u> impact of a fixed nuclear facility incident, requirements for <u>off-site</u> protective actions and the operational/technical activities of state response forces.
- b. Fairfield County will be responsible for the dissemination of emergency instructions for the <u>implementation</u> of <u>off-site</u> protective actions as recommended by the state or VCSNS and the release of information relating to local response forces operational activities within Fairfield County.

- c. VCSNS will be responsible for the release of information relating to on-site conditions and response activities resulting from the incident.
- d. Independent statements will be coordinated for informational purposes with designated spokespersons at state/VCSNS.
- 8. If neither the JIC or the SEOC are operational, the PIO will make all official news releases from the County EOC. Releases at the County level will be made after consultation with the S.C. DHEC and/or SCEMD.
- 9. The primary means of <u>initial verbal</u> notification of residents in the ten-mile EPZ of VCSNS will be <u>Local Emergency Alert Stations (EAS</u>), while the primary means for <u>follow-up</u> EPI will be <u>SC-ETV</u>.
 - a. EAS will be activated by the counties involved when an immediate **General Emergency** occurs and/or when the State Warning Point cannot be reached.
 - b. When the SEOC/SWP is established and when public notification is required, notifications will be given to EAS and ETV by the State Public Information Officer.
 - c. Activation of the SC-ETV will be accomplished by the SCEMD.
 - d. EAS Stations for Fairfield County--Station and Location

WCOS 97.5 FM (Columbia, S.C.)

e. SC-ETV Follow-up Public Information Stations

Station	Location	Counties Covered
WIS	Columbia, S.C.	Fairfield

- f. In the event of an immediate **General Emergency**, these station managers have agreed to disseminate information given by the PIO or designated county representative to prevent unfounded rumors. If doubt arises about the call, station managers will call back to verify the message.
- g. Once the primary EAS stations are notified, local radio stations will be alerted and will prepare to assist in disseminating EPI.

h. If the fixed siren system is accidentally activated, the county warning point will immediately notify one of the individuals in the order listed below--who will activate the EAS and request that **sample message #11** be broadcast.

Title

Director, Emergency Management Department Fairfield County Public Information Officer Fairfield County Administrator

**ALL TELEPHONE NUMBERS ARE KEPT CURRENT IN OUR COUNTY ALERT LIST SOP AND DISTRIBUTED TO APPROPRIATE AGENCIES.

10. In compliance with the classification scheme of NUREG-1610, these sample messages will be used according to the level of seriousness existing at V.C. Summer Nuclear Station and in accordance with recommendations from SCEMD, DHEC and/or the decision of the Governor:

SAMPLE RELEASE FOR AN UNUSUAL EVENT--(NO. 1)

(In the event a press release is to be made by the facility or adverse reaction would result if a press release if not made.)

The Department of Health and Environmental Control reports the occurrence of an **UNUSUAL EVENT** at the V.C. Summer Nuclear Station, at (time and date). The reactor is located (in Fairfield County near Jenkinsville). The accident (give here the detailed aspects of the accident to include levels of radiation release, if any). The Department of Health and Environmental Control advises all citizens living in (Fairfield County and town(s) in the ten-mile EPZ) that there is no need for concern. (State reasons for no need for concern.)

SAMPLE RELEASE FOR AN ALERT--(NO. 2)

The Department of Health and Environmental Control reports that a minor radiological accident occurred at the V.C. Summer Nuclear Station, at (time and date). VCSNS is located in (Fairfield County) near Jenkinsville). DHEC (has)/will immediately) dispatched an Emergency Radiological Assistance Team to the site and (is currently) (has) (will) (making) (made) (make) radiological measurements and assessment of the extent of the impact of the (if any) environmental contamination. (You will be advised as the situation develops and facts are determined) or (there is no need for alarm in that there has been no impact on the environment or the safety of those living near the facility.) (Here, explain in detail the accident in layman's terms as given by DHEC.)

SAMPLE RELEASE(S) FOR A SITE EMERGENCY--(NO. 3)

The Governor of South Carolina has announced that a radiological incident occurred at V.C. Summer Nuclear Station at (time and date). The Department of Health and Environmental Control immediately dispatched Emergency Radiological Response Teams to VCSNS. DHEC and VCSNS have assessed the radiological situation at the facility and off-site from the facility. The accident (here, give the details of the accident as determined and reported by DHEC in layman's terms).

The Fairfield County Emergency Response forces and those of the state have <u>been</u> <u>placed on a standby basis for immediate response</u> in the event <u>of deterioration of the radiological situation</u>, <u>OR</u> the Emergency Operations Centers of (counties) have been fully staffed. The State Emergency Operations Center is staffed by state emergency response personnel for operational control and to provide required assistance to the affected counties. You will be kept fully informed as the situation develops. Stay tuned to your local radio and television stations. (Subsequent information will contain full facts on the situation.)

SAMPLE RELEASE(S) FOR GENERAL EMERGENCY--(NO. 4)

(This is to be sent immediately over all possible means of communication with primary emphasis on the capabilities of the S.C. Educational Television and Radio broadcasts from the State Emergency Operations Center to the affected areas.)

PROTECTIVE ACTIONS--SHELTERING

Those persons in the affected areas are requested to move indoors, shut windows and doors, turn off air conditioners, fans or heating systems--if they would bring outside air into the house. Cattle and other livestock should be moved into shelter where possible and fed stored feed. Please remain tuned for further information and instructions. (Also give protected radiation doses for indoors and outdoors, type of release of radiation and any details of projections of time.)

OR

PROTECTIVE ACTION--EVACUATION

Those persons living in the affected area are (advised) (requested) (ordered) by the Governor to proceed with an orderly evacuation over (the nearest route) to the Reception Center located at White Oak Conference Center. (This must be shown over TV means and vividly described over radio.) At the Reception Center, you will be requested and assigned to shelter until it is safe for you to return to your homes. It is imperative that you evacuate through the Reception Center and become registered in order that your location will be known, even though you may prefer not to accept shelter and provide for your own shelter out of the affected area. The Department of Health and Environmental Control has instituted a series of monitoring and laboratory tests of the environment surrounding VCSNS to confirm the validity of the report. As results become available, you will be notified.

SAMPLE RELEASE FOR LOCAL-GROWN FOOD STUFFS--(NO. 7)

The following information is directed to consumers of locally produced food stuffs in the area of (*specify exactly*). For unprocessed fruits and vegetables, removal of skins and/or outer leaves, followed by thorough washing will make the food acceptable for consumption. For unprocessed grains for human or animal food, polishing and milling the grain will make the grain acceptable for consumption.

SAMPLE RELEASE FOR DAIRY FARMERS--(NO. 8)

The following information is directed to dairy farmers and others having milk cows in *(counties)*. To determine if milk produced by your cows has an unacceptable level of radio-activity, samples will be collected and analyzed. You will be advised by the Department of Health and Environmental Control of the results of the analysis as soon as possible in order that appropriate disposition of your milk can be made.

SAMPLE RELEASE FOR AGRICULTURAL PROTECTIVE MEASURES-(NO. 9)

There has been a release of radioactive material from the V.C. Nuclear Station. The following recommendations to the livestock owners in the counties of ______ are made by the Cooperative Extension Service, US Department of Agriculture, Clemson University.

LACTATING DAIRY COWS:

- 1. Should be removed from contaminated pasture and sheltered.
- 2. Should be fed uncontaminated, stored feed and water.

BEEF CATTLE AND OTHER MEAT-PRODUCING LIVESTOCK

1. Should be removed from contaminated pasture if facilities and uncontaminated feeds are available.

SWINE

- 1. Breeding stock (*boars*, *sows and gilt's*) maintained on pasture should be removed from contaminated pasture, sheltered and fed uncontaminated, stored feed and water.
- 2. Sows and pigs in farrowing houses or hogs being finished in confinement should not be removed from barns.

POULTRY

- 1. Should be maintained in houses and fed uncontaminated, stored feed and water. This applies to both egg and meat producing birds.
- 2. If limited man-made structures are available for sheltering pastured livestock, <u>lactating dairy cows should be sheltered first</u>.
- Lactating dairy cows receiving only stored feed under dry lot conditions can remain on dry lot. Stored feeds are silage, hay not stored in the field and concentrates.
- 4. <u>It is not necessary at this time to move pastured livestock into shelters</u>; however, it is suggested that pastured livestock be moved to pastures in close proximity to shelters in order that the livestock can be moved into the shelters quickly if it becomes necessary to do so. <u>REPEAT: It is not necessary to move livestock into shelters at this time.</u>

SAMPLE RELEASE FOR AGRICULTURE PREPARATORY INFORMATION--(NO. 10)

In accordance with the information available at this time, it is recommended that the livestock owners in the following counties: ______ start the following actions. At this time, there is no danger or release of radioactive materials.

Recommended Actions Are:

- A. Man-made and natural shelters on your farm should be identified at this time.
- B. Barns and equipment sheds are good structures into which to move pastured livestock.
- C. Steps should be taken at this time to make sure these shelters are as structurally as sound as possible.
- D. Be sure that windows and doors of barns and sheds can be closed, also attempt to seal other openings in walls and roofs.
- E. It is not suggested that these structures be made air-tight. In fact, some air movement in these structures is beneficial.
- F. Large openings that are not doors or windows can be blocked by stacking hay or straw bales or bagged feed on the exterior side of these openings.
- G. If man-made structures are not available to shelter pastured livestock, naturally occurring shelters such as woods, ravines, culverts and underpasses can serve as shelters.

SAMPLE RELEASE FOR ACCIDENTAL SIREN ACTIVATION--(NO. 11)

At <u>(time)</u>, the V.C. Summer Public Notification System in (county(ies) was accidentally activated. There is no emergency at the V.C. Summer Nuclear Station and no action by the public is necessary. Thank you for tuning to the Emergency Alert System. Had there been a real emergency, information concerning necessary action by the public would have been available.

- 11. Public Information support teams will refer to the brochure printed by V.C. Summer Nuclear Station. This brochure will be in the homes of all residents in the ten-mile EPZ as well as posted in the county Emergency Management Department and other open locations for dissemination to transient populations. It will list evacuation routes, reception centers, protective action guidelines, local radio/TV Emergency Alert Stations, means of public warning and other pertinent information. Residents without transportation will be told what phone numbers to call for help, and those agencies available to answer all questions will be cited. The V.C. Summer Nuclear Station brochure will be up-dated and redistributed annually.
- 12. If evacuation is necessary, residents without transportation, particularly homebound or handicapped persons, will be instructed to telephone the Fairfield County Emergency Management Department.
- 13. Residents will be instructed to telephone neighbors about the alert to insure thorough notification. They will also be asked to limit all calls to the EOC and emergency coordination.
- 14. Broadcasts will reassure parents who have children attending schools located in the ten-mile EPZ that these students are being bused to their respective county reception centers for family pick-up.
- 15. Protective Action Guidelines, particularly items needed for sheltering as well as the use of radio-protective drugs and methods for respiratory protection, will be broadcast extensively to the public.
- 16. Maps of all evacuation routes, sectors and reception centers will be available for EPI stations at the Fairfield County EOC. Every effort will be made to have this information in place prior to an accident and annually up-dated.
- 17. The PIO, in coordination with the Emergency Management Director, will annually conduct programs to acquaint the EPI staffs with emergency plans, information concerning radiation, and points of contact for release of public information in an emergency.
- 18. See also Emergency Public Information Procedures to SCORERP, Annex C and Annex A, V.C. Summer Site Specific.

APPENDIX 7 TO ANNEX D – SCEMD SAMPLE EAS MESSAGES AND NEWS RELEASES

These samples are indicative of information released by the SC Emergency Management Department in response to an incident at V C Summer Nuclear Station. These samples are included as a resource/job aid for Fairfield County Emergency Management PIO personnel.

EAS MESSAGE INDEX

V.C. Summer Incident

Control No. 1. Stay Tuned

Control No. 2. In-Place Sheltering

Control No. 3. Evacuation

Control No. 4. Evacuate and Shelter

Control No. 5. Schools

Control No. 6. Livestock

NEWS RELEASES INDEX

V.C. Summer Incident

Release 0:

	J
Release 1:	State Emergency Operations Center Activated
Release 2:	Residents Should Stay Tuned For Emergency Information
Release 3:	Joint Information Center Activated
Release 4:	Sheltering Recommended for Residents Living Near Facility
Release 5:	State Advises Evacuation
Release 6:	Sheltering And Evacuation Recommended
Release 7:	Livestock Owners Should Be Prepared (No radioactive release)
Release 8:	Livestock Owners Should Take Protective Measures (Radioactive release)
Release 9:	Milk Samples Will Be Collected And Analyzed
Release 10:	Locally Grown Food Items Need Processing

Release 11: Governor Sanford Declares State of Emergency

Injured Contaminated Person Transported From Nuclear Site To Hospital