Fairfield County Winnsboro, South Carolina

Report on Financial Statements

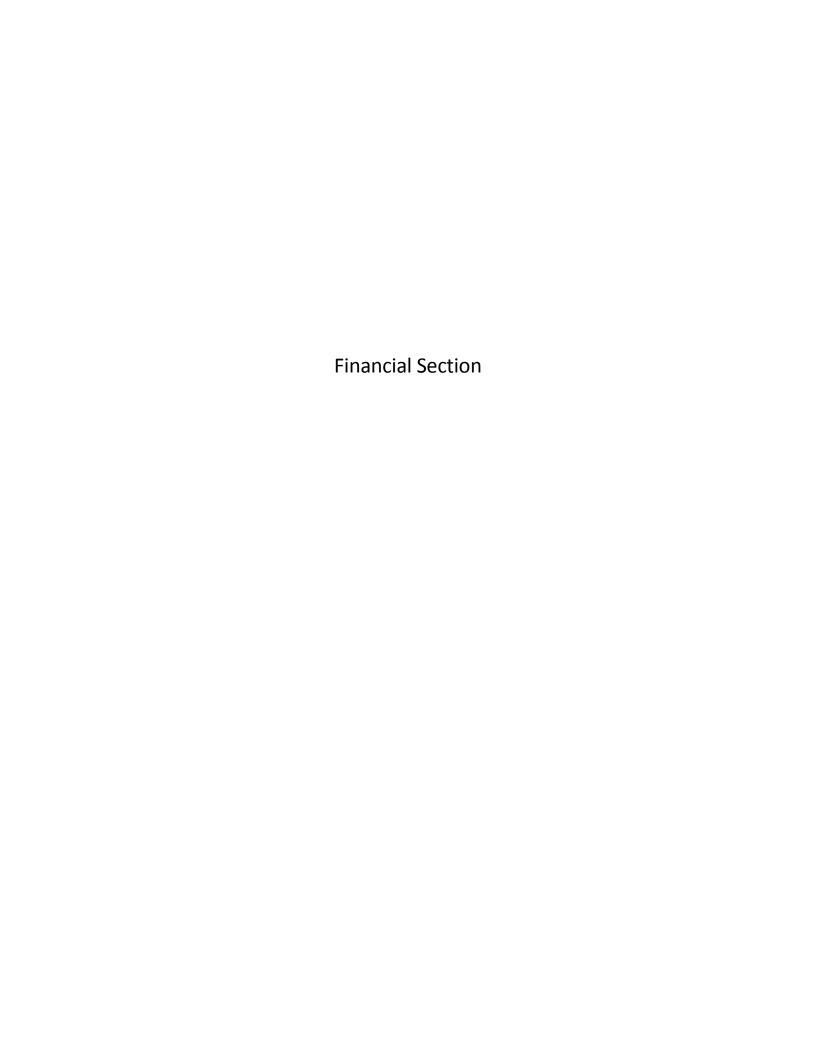
For the year ended June 30, 2014

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Independent Auditor's Report

Honorable Chairman and Members of the County Council Fairfield County Winnsboro, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairfield County, South Carolina (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2014 the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and the Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Post Employment Benefit Plan, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, Schedule of Budget to Actual Costs - Contract Number PT-44711-29, Schedule of Court Fines, Surcharges and Assessment Activity - Victim's Assistance, and computation of legal debt margin are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements, Schedule of Court Fines, Surcharges and Assessment Activity - Victim's Assistance, and computation of legal debt margin are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements, Schedule of Court Fines, Surcharges and Assessment Activity – Victim's Assistance, and computation of legal debt margin are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Budget to Actual Costs - Contract Number PT-44711-29 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 15, 2014 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Elliott Davis, LIC

Columbia, South Carolina December 15, 2014

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2014

As management of Fairfield County (the County), we offer readers of our financial statements, this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. Please read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the County's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Statistical Data

- Approximately 710 square miles
- Within 30 miles of the geographic center of South Carolina
- Population of approximately 24,000
- Bordered on the:
 - South by Richland County whose county seat is Columbia, the State capital
 - o East by the Wateree River
 - West by the Broad River
 - North by Chester County
- Highways
 - Serviced North and South by Interstate 77 and US Highways 321 and 21
 - Serviced East and West by State Highways 34, 200, 213, 215, and 269
- Rail
 - Serviced North and South by Norfolk Southern Rail Way
- Air
 - 5,000-foot runway general aviation airport owned by the County and operated by a private contractor
- Governed by a 7 person County Council elected on a non-partisan basis from their respective districts.
 Operating under the State of South Carolina Home Rule, County Council has adopted the Council/Administrator form of government.

Geographically, the County is positioned to begin benefiting from the growth of our sister county to the South, Richland County, home of the State capital. We provide a quality of life envied by most, a small town atmosphere and friendliness, with a short commuting distance to more urban economic centers. Our tax base is stable as the largest taxpayer is an energy producing facility; however, we recognize the need to diversify our economy. Therefore, County Council is concentrating many resources to develop several industrial parks where businesses may locate and provide employment to our citizens.

In addition to providing funding to develop the industrial parks, we must be about the business of administering a county government. This is an expensive undertaking. With unfunded mandates from higher levels of government and diminishing revenue sources, we must look for ways to minimize the tax burden on our citizens. We are approaching this on two fronts: (1) broadening the tax base through increased economic development and (2) having intense operational reviews of expenditures. Our expenditure reviews include the traditional items such as: competitive bidding, extending the period for filling vacancies, eliminating overtime, etc. Some non-traditional, cost cutting ideas include better training of employees as well as containing and reducing expenditures in areas such as insurance, risk management, safety, workers compensation, and unemployment compensation.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2014

Financial Highlights

- The County's financial condition has continued to maintain revenues at a relatively constant level over this period.
- Net position The County's governmental activities assets exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2014 by \$46,529,187 (net position). Of this amount, \$14,622,677 was unrestricted net position, which means these funds may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.
- **Change in net position** The County's net position increased over the course of this year's operations. Net position of the governmental activities increased by \$3,963,255.
- **General fund** The principal operating fund of the County is the general fund. During fiscal year 2014, general fund revenues and other financing sources, which primarily consisted of property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, were \$25,568,577. Expenditures and net transfers out of the general fund were \$23,366,723. This resulted in an increase in the fund balance for the year of \$2,201,854.
- **General fund budget** The general fund actual revenues were greater than the final budget amounts by \$3,479,208 due primarily to greater than expected collections of taxes. General fund actual expenditures were less than the final budget amounts by \$783,602. This variance is primarily due to department directors making frugal decisions in regards to purchases and employee staffing.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of three parts: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This section will not include discussion related to the component units of the County. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements - The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements outline functions of the County that are principally supported by property taxes, State aid, intergovernmental grants and various charges for services, fines and fees. The governmental activities of the County include general government, public safety, public works, environment and housing, health and welfare, judicial, cultural and recreation and non-departmental allocations expenditures.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2014

Overview of the Financial Statements, continued

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Fiduciary funds - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. The County is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The County excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the financial statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 to 43.

Supplementary information - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further supports the financial statements with a comparison of the County's budget for the year and other supplementary information schedules.

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$46,529,187 as of June 30, 2014.

By far the largest portion of the County's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to its residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The County's financial position is the product of the following transactions, including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole, continued

The following table presents a summary of the County's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

	2014	2013	Percentage Change
Current assets	\$ 45,234,636	\$ 42,239,708	7.1%
Noncurrent assets	1,205,280	1,319,030	(8.6)%
Capital assets, net	<u>35,466,006</u>	33,111,337	7.1%
Total assets	81,905,922	<u>76,670,075</u>	6.8%
Current liabilities	4,232,544	2,794,550	51.5%
Long-term liabilities	31,144,191	31,309,593	(0.5)%
Total liabilities	35,376,735	34,104,143	3.7%
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	26,403,154	26,218,423	0.7%
Restricted	5,503,356	4,263,849	29.1%
Unrestricted	14,622,677	<u>12,083,660</u>	21.0%
Total net position	\$ 46,529,187	\$ 42,565,932	9.3%

Change in net position - The County's total revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were \$36,091,848. The total cost of all programs and services was \$32,128,593. The section below presents a summary of the activity that resulted in changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Compared to fiscal year 2013, the County's revenues increased and expenses decreased due primarily to the following:

- Operating and capital grants and contributions The County received approximately \$476,000 in federal
 grants for airport improvements in 2013. This decrease was offset with additional State funding of
 \$1,250,000 for the purchase of a building to be leased to Element Electronics.
- Sales taxes -The County recognized a slight increase in sales taxes due to the fact that local option sales tax revenues from the state are based on county sales tax collections and donor monies. As such, sales tax revenues fluctuate from year to year.
- Gain on sale of capital assets There was no County auction held in fiscal year 2014.
- **General government** Several non-capital building improvement projects were completed in 2013. In addition, the County recorded the difference between the cost of the W.B. Industrial Park spec building and its appraised value to general government in 2013.
- Public works and utilities Expenditures for the Road Improvement Program increased by approximately \$685,000 for road paving during 2014.
- Health and welfare The County provided Fairfield Memorial Hospital \$500,000 to assist in meeting current obligations.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole, continued

	2014	2013	Percentage Change
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 2,933,884	\$ 2,865,461	2.4%
Operating grants and contributions	696,029	1,228,976	(43.4)%
Capital grants and contributions	2,395,935	883,264	171.3%
General revenues			
Property and accommodations taxes	26,136,623	25,902,116	0.9%
Sales taxes	2,096,835	1,988,755	5.4%
Investment income	105,777	116,365	(9.1)%
Intergovernmental	1,433,225	1,478,270	(3.0)%
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	-	61,830	(100.0)%
Miscellaneous	293,540	193,065	52.0%
Total revenues	36,091,848	34,718,102	4.0%
Expenses			
General government	9,603,202	12,507,083	(23.2)%
Public safety	6,099,407	6,134,315	(0.6)%
Public works and utilities	3,020,420	2,411,472	25.3%
Health and welfare	9,349,424	8,663,215	7.9%
Judicial	1,114,798	1,068,180	4.4%
Cultural and recreation	1,470,606	1,466,806	0.3%
Interest and fiscal charges	<u>1,470,736</u>	1,353,798	8.6%
Total expenses	32,128,593	33,604,869	(4.4)%
Increase in net position	\$ 3,963,25 <u>5</u>	\$ 1,113,233	256.0%

Governmental activities - The table below presents the cost of the seven major functional activities: general government, public safety, public works and utilities, health and welfare, judicial, cultural and recreation, and interest and fiscal charges. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and County's taxpayers by each of these functions.

	Total		
	 Expenses	N	let Expense
General government	\$ 9,603,202	\$	(7,904,754)
Public safety	6,099,407		(4,968,799)
Public works and utilities	3,020,420		(1,367,739)
Health and welfare	9,349,424		(8,434,530)
Judicial	1,114,798		(580,791)
Cultural and recreation	1,470,606		(1,375,396)
Interest and fiscal charges	 1,470,736		(1,470,736)
Total expenses	\$ 32,128,593	\$	(26,102,745)

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2014

Financial Analysis of the County as a Whole, continued

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$32,128,593. Expenses consist primarily of general government, public safety, and health and welfare totaling \$9,603,202, \$6,099,407 and \$9,349,424, respectively. Net cost of governmental activities was \$26,102,745 which was financed by general revenues and beginning net position. General revenues consist primarily of property and accommodations taxes of \$26,136,623.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

Governmental funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the County as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the County completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$43,468,656. Approximately \$4,583,069 or 11% of the fund balance is unassigned and is available for spending at the County's discretion.

The general fund is the principal operating fund of the County. The increase in fund balance in the general fund for the fiscal year was \$2,201,854 which was mainly the result of an overall reduction of transfers.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - As of June 30, 2014, the County had invested, net of related debt, \$26,403,154 in capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, leasehold improvements, infrastructure, vehicles, computers, and other equipment. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$2,473,148.

The schedule below presents capital asset balances, net of depreciation, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Capital assets, not being depreciated	
Land	\$ 2,533,181
Construction in progress	6,179,024
	<u>8,712,205</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated	
Land improvements	23,631,266
Buildings and improvements	21,719,921
Leasehold improvements	1,658,079
Infrastructure	1,106,890
Machinery and equipment	17,278,082
Software	391,532
	65,785,770
Less accumulated depreciation	(39,031,969)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	<u> 26,753,801</u>
Net capital assets	<u>\$ 35,466,006</u>

Debt Administration - At year end, the County had \$29,976,636 in general obligation and revenue bonds of which \$1,068,637 is due within one year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2014

Economic Factors and Budgetary Projections

Unlike a typical county, the County's revenue stream is relatively constant. This is due primarily to a licensed electrical generating facility located in our county, which accounts for over 40% of our tax revenues. The facility is in the process of renewing its license for another 20 years, which gives us a measure of comfort; however, we are very careful not to abuse this revenue source. Taking this revenue source into account and the other economic factors in our community, our budget philosophy is to be socially responsible within a very conservative fiscal approach. We expect this trend will continue over future budgets.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the County's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Comptroller, Fairfield County, 350 Columbia Road, Post Office Drawer 60, Winnsboro, South Carolina 29180.

Audited financial statements of the County's component units may be obtained by written request to Fairfield County Council, Post Office Drawer 60, Winnsboro, South Carolina 29180.

Fairfield County Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,390,814
Taxes receivable, net	545,663
Accounts receivable, net	1,813,576
Due from other governmental units	2,094,275
Prepaid items	285,308
Notes receivable, net	105,000
Total current assets	45,234,636
Noncurrent assets	
Notes receivable, net	61,280
Land and building held for sale	1,144,000
Total noncurrent assets	1,205,280
Capital assets	
Nondepreciable	8,712,205
Depreciable	65,785,770
Less accumulated depreciation	(39,031,969)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	35,466,006
Total assets	81,905,922
10(a) a33e(3	01,303,322
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,622,597
Retainage payable	15,887
Accrued expenses	558,478
Due to taxpayers	3,331
Due to other agencies	470,840
Due to component unit	49,430
Due to other governmental units	5,592
Long-term debt	1,068,637
Accrued interest payable	383,940
Accrued compensated absences	53,812
Total current liabilities	4,232,544
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term debt	28,907,999
Accrued compensated absences	640,714
Other post employment benefit obligation	1,595,478
Total long-term liabilities	31,144,191
Total liabilities	35,376,735
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	26,403,154
Restricted for:	-,, -
General government programs	65,023
Public safety programs	2,052,536
Health and welfare programs	1,919,288
Judicial programs	85,303
Cultural and recreation programs	119,634
Debt service	1,261,572
Unrestricted	14,622,677
Total net position	\$ 46,529,187

Fairfield County Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

									1	Net revenue
									(€	expense) and
										changes in
					Progr	am revenues				net position
				Charges for	0	perating		Capital		
				sales and	gr	ants and	٤	grants and	G	overnmental
		Expenses		service	contributions		co	ntributions		activities
Functions/Programs										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	9,603,202	\$	233,456	\$	214,992	\$	1,250,000	\$	(7,904,754)
Public safety		6,099,407		1,064,944		65,664		-		(4,968,799)
Public works and utilities		3,020,420		497,935		8,811		1,145,935		(1,367,739)
Health and welfare		9,349,424		618,576		296,318		-		(8,434,530)
Judicial		1,114,798		423,763		110,244		-		(580,791)
Cultural and recreation		1,470,606		95,210		-		-		(1,375,396)
Interest and fiscal charges		1,470,736		-		-		-		(1,470,736)
Total governmental activities		32,128,593		2,933,884		696,029		2,395,935		(26,102,745)
Total	\$	32,128,593	\$	2,933,884	\$	696,029	\$	2,395,935		_
							-			
		eral revenues:								
		operty taxes								25,988,539
		les tax								2,096,835
		ccommodations t								148,084
		vestment income	9							105,777
		tergovernmental								1,433,225
	М	iscellaneous								293,540
		Total general re	venue	es						30,066,000
		Change in net p	ositio	า						3,963,255
	Net	position, beginni	ng of	year						42,565,932
	Net	position, end of y	/ear						\$	46,529,187

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2014

		General	W.B. Brown Industrial Park		Fairfield Facilities Corporation		Facilities		EMS	G	Nonmajor overnmental	Total Governmental Funds		
Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,011,185	\$	41,238	\$	22,059,386	\$	1,446,491	\$	9,832,514	\$	40,390,814		
Taxes receivable, net		417,466		-		-		67,106		61,091		545,663		
Accounts receivable, net		1,797,055		-		-		1,738		14,783		1,813,576		
Due from other funds		1,521,670		-		-		-		569,902		2,091,572		
Due from other governmental units		1,199,672		-		-		1,290		893,313		2,094,275		
Prepaid items		32,974		-		215,903		-		36,431		285,308		
Notes receivable, net		-		166,280		-		-		-		166,280		
Land and building held for sale		-		1,144,000		-		-		-		1,144,000		
Total assets	\$	11,980,022	\$	1,351,518	\$	22,275,289	\$	1,516,625	\$	11,408,034	\$	48,531,488		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, an Liabilities:	d Fund	Balances												
Accounts payable	\$	347,273	\$	1,159	\$	192,338	\$	331,809	\$	750,018	\$	1,622,597		
Retainage payable	Y	547,275	Y	-	Y	-	Y	-	7	15,887	Y	15,887		
Accrued expenses		461,606		_		_		71,449		25,423		558,478		
Due to other funds		-		1,150,359		569,902		-		371,311		2,091,572		
Due to taxpayers		3,331		-,,		-		-		-		3,331		
Due to other agencies		270,840		200,000		-		_		-		470,840		
Due to component units		49,430		-		-		-		-		49,430		
Due to other governmental units		5,592		-		-		-		-		5,592		
Total liabilities		1,138,072		1,351,518		762,240		403,258		1,162,639		4,817,727		
Deferred inflows of resources:														
Unavailable revenue - timing restriction														
for property taxes and fees		182,930		-		-		32,546		29,629		245,105		
Total deferred inflows of resources		182,930		-		-		32,546		29,629		245,105		
Fund balances:														
Nonspendable														
Prepaid items		32,974		-		215,903		-		36,431		285,308		
Notes receivable		-		166,280		-		-		-		166,280		
Land and building held for sale		-		1,144,000		-		-		-		1,144,000		
Restricted														
General government		-		-		-		-		65,023		65,023		
Public safety		-		_		_		_		2,052,536		2,052,536		
Health and welfare		_		_		_		1,080,821		838,467		1,919,288		
Judicial		_		_		_		-		85,303		85,303		
Cultural and recreation										119,634		119,634		
Debt service										1,261,572		1,261,572		
Capital outlay						21,297,146				1,201,372		21,297,146		
Capital outlay		-		-		21,297,140		-		-		21,297,140		
Local option sales tax		491,377										491,377		
General government		3,480,000										3,480,000		
		3,460,000		-		-		-		1 057 650		1,857,658		
Public works and utilities		-		-		-		-		1,857,658				
Health and welfare		760,000		-		-		-		-		760,000		
Cultural and recreation		-		-		-		-		54,408		54,408		
Capital outlay				-		-		-		3,846,054		3,846,054		
Unassigned		5,894,669		(1,310,280)				-	-	(1,320)		4,583,069		
Total fund balances		10,659,020				21,513,049		1,080,821	-	10,215,766		43,468,656		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows														
of resources, and fund balances	\$	11,980,022	\$	1,351,518	\$	22,275,289	\$	1,516,625	\$	11,408,034	\$	48,531,488		

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Total governmental fund balances		\$ 43,468,656
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the following:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and; therefore, are not reported in the funds. These assets consist of:		
Land	\$ 2,533,181	
Construction in progress	6,179,024	
Land improvements	23,631,266	
Buildings and improvements	21,719,921	
Leasehold improvements	1,658,079	
Infrastructure	1,106,890	
Machinery and equipment	17,278,082	
Software	391,532	
Less accumulated depreciation	(39,031,969)	
		35,466,006
Some of the County's property tax revenues will be collected after year end but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and; therefore, are unavailable in the funds.		245,105
		5,_55
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and; therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable	(29,976,636)	
Accrued interest payable	(383,940)	
Accrued compensated absences	(694,526)	
Other post employment benefit obligation	(1,595,478)	
,	 	(32,650,580)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 46,529,187

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

	 General	W.B. Brown Industrial Park		Industrial F		EMS		Nonmajor overnmental	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues										
Taxes	\$ 20,584,604	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,811,433	\$ 2,757,943	\$	26,153,980
Sales tax	2,096,835		-		-		-	-		2,096,835
Intergovernmental	1,433,225		-		-		-	3,091,964		4,525,189
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	789,633		-		-		-	234,355		1,023,988
Charges for services	465,052		-		-		1,022,399	422,445		1,909,896
Investment income	6,455		-		9,256		-	90,066		105,777
Miscellaneous	 192,773		-		-		1,692	 99,075		293,540
Total revenues	 25,568,577				9,256		3,835,524	 6,695,848		36,109,205
Expenditures										
General government	7,547,429		51,238		-		-	443,441		8,042,108
Public safety	4,933,388		-		-		-	731,939		5,665,327
Public works and utilities	1,490,108		-		-		-	1,466,711		2,956,819
Health and welfare	4,673,449		-		-		3,208,940	1,017,741		8,900,130
Judicial	1,028,882		-		-		-	85,801		1,114,683
Cultural and recreation	1,266,687		-		-		-	121,176		1,387,863
Capital outlay	22,014		-		1,249,922		279,444	3,276,437		4,827,817
Debt service										
Principal retirement	-		-		-		-	740,000		740,000
Interest and fiscal charges	 -				754,936			 308,530		1,063,466
Total expenditures	 20,961,957		51,238		2,004,858		3,488,384	 8,191,776		34,698,213
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures	 4,606,620		(51,238)		(1,995,602)		347,140	 (1,495,928)		1,410,992
Other financing sources (uses)										
Proceeds from general obligation bonds	-		-		-		-	769,178		769,178
Transfers in	18,650		376,305		744,047		-	2,047,111		3,186,113
Transfers out	 (2,423,416)				-			(762,697)		(3,186,113)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,404,766)		376,305		744,047		-	 2,053,592		769,178
Net change in fund balances	2,201,854		325,067		(1,251,555)		347,140	557,664		2,180,170
Fund balances, beginning of year	 8,457,166		(325,067)		22,764,604		733,681	 9,658,102		41,288,486
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 10,659,020	\$		\$	21,513,049	\$	1,080,821	\$ 10,215,766	\$	43,468,656

Fairf	field	Cou	inty

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

	_
Total net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 2,180,170
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because of the following:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	4,827,817
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, but they do not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(2,473,148)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the County's fiscal year ends, they are not considered "available" revenues and are unavailable in the governmental funds. Unavailable tax revenues decreased by this amount this year.	(17,357)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds; however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	(769,178)
Repayment of principal on bonds are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position.	740,000
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, interest is expensed when due.	(383,940)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and; therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	
Increase in accrued compensated absences	(25,240)
Amortization of bond discounts Increase in other post employment benefit obligation	 (23,330) (92,539)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 3,963,255

Fairfield County Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2014

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Taxes receivable Due from other governmental units	\$ 13,702,418 752,345 40
Total assets	\$ 14,454,803
Liabilities	
Due to individuals Due to other governmental units	\$ 1,126,394 13,328,409
Total liabilities	\$ 14,454,803

Governmental Discretely Presented Component Unit Fairfield County Library Commission Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current assets	A 205 270
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 206,270
Investments	11,819
Prepaid items	4,004
Due from primary government	49,430
Total current assets	271,523
Capital assets	
Depreciable	1,831,955
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,211,876)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	620,079
Total assets	891,602
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accrued liabilities	4,697
Accrued compensated absences - due within one year	16,046
Total current liabilities	20,743
Long-term liabilities	
Accrued compensated absences - due after one year	1,514
Total liabilities	22,257
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	620,079
Restricted for:	,
Permanent funds	117,960
Capital outlay	4,601
Unrestricted	126,705
Total net position	\$ 869,345
. 5 15 5 2 5 5 1 1 1 1	- 303,543

Governmental Discretely Presented Component Unit Fairfield County Library Commission Statement of Activities For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

							Ne	et revenue
							(ex	pense) and
							cł	nanges in
				Program r	evenues	.	ne	t position
			Ch	arges for	0	perating		
			Sã	ales and	gr	ants and	Gov	vernmental
	E	xpenses	:	service	con	tributions	a	activities
Functions/Programs						_	' <u>-</u>	
Governmental activities								
Library services	\$	588,557	\$	13,488	\$	76,000	\$	(499,069)
	Gene	eral revenues	:					
	Cou	inty appropri	ations					463,834
	Inve	estment incor	me					318
	Gift	s and donation	ons					935
		Total general	revenues					465,087
		Change in ne	t position					(33,982)
	Net p	osition, begi	nning of y	vear				903,327
	Net p	osition, end	of year				\$	869,345

Nongovernmental Discretely Presented Component Units Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2014

Accete	Ве	airfield havioral th Services		field County Council on Aging		Total
Assets Cash	<u> </u>	CE 201	\$	142.056	\$	200.257
	\$	65,301	Ş	143,956	Ş	209,257
Receivables		16,067		50,942		67,009
Certificates of deposit		163,708		-		163,708
Prepaids		-		2,013		2,013
Property and equipment, net		58,936		301,137		360,073
Total assets	\$	304,012	\$	498,048	\$	802,060
Liabilities and Net Assets Liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	8,595	\$	13,369	\$	21,964
Unavailable revenue		30,711		-		30,711
Accrued compensated absences		19,086		4,360		23,446
Total liabilities	-	58,392		17,729	1	76,121
Net assets						
Unrestricted		245,620		480,319		725,939
Total net assets	1	245,620		480,319		725,939
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	304,012	\$	498,048	\$	802,060

Fairfield County Nongovernmental Discretely Presented Component Units Statements of Activities

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

Changes in unrestricted net assets:	Fairfield Behavioral Health Services	Fairfield County Council on Aging	Total
Revenues and other support Local	\$ -	\$ 8,422	\$ 8,422
County appropriations	- 42,288	93,411	135,699
Client fees	78,803	55,411	78,803
Medicaid	20,070	_	20,070
Minibottle	36,796	_	36,796
In-kind service and materials	30,730	9,205	9,205
Investment income	3,179	9,203 21	3,200
Other	18,158	5,790	23,948
Net assets released from restrictions	336,949	355,356	692,305
Total revenues, gains and other support	536,243	472,205	1,008,448
rotal revenues) gains and other support	330,213	.,,2,203	1,000,110
Expenses			
Program services	328,901	330,330	659,231
Supporting services	204,920	119,657	324,577
Total expenses	533,821	449,987	983,808
·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	·
Change in unrestricted net assets	2,422	22,218	24,640
Changes in temporarily restricted net assets:			
Federal	163,266	252,282	415,548
State	26,855	73,960	100,815
Local	23,528	29,114	52,642
Grants	107,805	-	107,805
Net assets released from restrictions	(336,949)	(355,356)	(692,305)
Change in temporarily restricted net assets	(15,495)		(15,495)
Change in net assets	(13,073)	22,218	9,145
Net assets, beginning of year	258,693	458,101	716,794
Net assets, end of year	\$ 245,620	\$ 480,319	\$ 725,939
• • • •		: =====	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fairfield County, South Carolina (the County) is a political subdivision of the State of South Carolina, operating under the provisions of South Carolina 2975 Act No. 283 (Home Rule Act) using a Council-Administrator form of government to provide services authorized by its charter. The County is governed by an elected Board (County Council) which is governed by state statutes and regulations.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The financial statements are presented in conformity with GASB Codification Sec. 2200, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

Using the criteria of GASB Codification Sec. 2100, the basic financial statements of the County present the reporting entity that consists of the primary government and those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship, with the primary government, are such that exclusion could cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the separate organization's board and either (a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or (b) the possibility that the separate organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. "Blended" component units are separate entities that are, substantially, part of the primary government's operations and are combined with financial data of the primary government. "Discretely presented" component units, on the other hand, are reported on separately to emphasize that they are legally separate from the operations of the primary government. A summary of the County's blended and discretely presented component units follows:

Blended Component Unit - During fiscal year 2013, the County created the Fairfield Facilities Corporation (the Corporation) to facilitate the issuance of debt for the County. The activities of the Corporation have been "blended" with the County and presented as a major fund for fiscal year 2014. County Council appoints the officers and directors of the Corporation. The Corporation does not issue separate financial statements.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - Using the criteria of GASB Codification Sec. 2100, the County has three discretely presented component units and all have a June 30 fiscal year end.

<u>Fairfield County Library Commission</u> - Fairfield County Library Commission (the Library Commission) was established as the designated authority to provide a public library system to the residents of the County. The County provides the Library Commission with an annual appropriation which is the majority of the Library Commission's operating revenue. County Council appoints members of the Library Commission's Board, which is the Library Commission's governing authority. The Library Commission's Board is responsible for the hiring and termination of management personnel. Accordingly, the Library Commission is considered to be a component unit of the County and its financial position and results of operations have been reported in the financial statements of the County.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

A. Reporting Entity - (Continued)

<u>Fairfield County Council on Aging</u> - Fairfield County Council on Aging (the Council on Aging) was created to meet certain needs of the elderly in the County. County Council appoints all of the members of the Council on Aging. Accordingly, the Council on Aging is considered to be a component unit of the County and its assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses have been reported in the financial statements of the County.

<u>Fairfield Behavioral Health Services</u> -Fairfield Behavioral Health Services (the Agency), was organized to provide comprehensive services for victims of alcohol and drug abuse in the County. County Council appoints all of the members of the Agency's Board of Directors, which is the Agency's governing authority. Accordingly, the Agency is considered to be a component unit of the County and its assets and liabilities and revenues and expenses have been reported in the financial statements of the County.

Audited financial statements of the component units may be obtained by written request to Fairfield County Council, Post Office Drawer 60, Winnsboro, South Carolina 29180.

B. Basis of Presentation

The statements of the County are presented as follows:

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the County as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The statements distinguish between those activities of the County that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. The County has no activities considered to be business-type activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and; therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, including taxes, which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the County, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the County.

Fund Financial Statements - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the County. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

- I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)
- C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Fund Accounting

The accounts of the County and its component units are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds maintained is consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The general fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

A portion of the general fund fund balance has been committed for certain contingencies including loss of fee in lieu due to plant closings, property insurance increases, and additional operating funds required for the Fairfield Memorial Hospital.

W.B. Brown Industrial Park —This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the development and construction of the W.B. Brown Industrial Park.

Fairfield Facilities Corporation - This fund is used to account for the issuance of revenue bonds and the acquisition of capital assets from the bond proceeds.

EMS - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payments of daily operations attributable to EMS.

Additionally, the government reports the following nonmajor fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessments, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - The capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

The County also maintains an agency fund which accounts for monies held on behalf of school districts, special districts and other agencies that use the County as a depository for property taxes and/or state funds collected on behalf of the other governments.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's landfill function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - (Continued)

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

In the government-wide financial statements, expenses are classified by function. In the fund financial statements, expenditures are classified as government funds by character.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenditures are recognized when they become both measurable and available.

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the County, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year end.

The County follows GASB Codification Sec. N50, to account for non-exchange revenues. Nonexchange transactions, in which the County receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the County must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the County on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year end: delinquent taxes collected within 60 days of fiscal year end, sales tax, grants, interest, fees and charges for service.

Unavailable revenue arises when assets are recognized before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Delinquent property taxes and property taxes for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2014, but which have not met the revenue recognition criteria, have been recorded as unavailable revenue. Grants and entitlements received before the eligibility requirements are met are also recorded as unavailable revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period have also been reported as unavailable revenue.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - (Continued)

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as unavailable revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents, and Investments - For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, the County considers all liquid non-equity investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Such investments consist primarily of amounts in the South Carolina local government investment pool. Investments are carried at fair value, which approximates cost.

State statutes authorize the County to invest in:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof;
- 2. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units;
- 3. Certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described in (1) above held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest; provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the federal government.
- 4. Repurchase agreements when collateralized by securities as set forth in this section;
- 5. No load open-end or closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company or savings and loan association or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of the County, if the particular portfolio of the investment company or investment trust in which the investment is made (i) is limited to obligations described in items (1) and (4) of this subsection, and (ii) has among its objectives the attempt to maintain a constant net asset value of one dollar a share and to that end, value its assets by the amortized cost method.

Receivables and Payables - All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The allowance for trade accounts receivable is computed based upon an estimate of collections within each aging category. The allowance for property taxes receivable is based upon a composite average of each delinquent tax year's collections to the outstanding balance at the beginning of the fiscal year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - (Continued)

At June 30, 2014, receivables for the County's individual major funds and other governmental funds in the aggregate including the applicable allowance for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General	 EMS	nmajor ernmental	 Total
Taxes	\$	439,438	\$ 70,638	\$ 64,306	\$ 574,382
Accounts		1,797,055	 914,389	 14,783	 2,726,227
Gross		2,236,493	985,027	79,089	3,300,609
Less:					
Allowance - taxes		21,972	3,532	3,215	28,719
Allowance - accounts			 912,651	 	 912,651
Net receivables	<u>\$</u>	2,214,521	\$ 68,844	\$ 75,874	\$ 2,359,239

Property taxes become a lien on real estate and certain personal properties owned on the preceding December 31 of each County fiscal year ended June 30. These taxes are levied on or before October 31, and are due without penalty through January 15. Penalties are added to the taxes depending on the date paid as follows:

January 15 through February 1	3% of tax
February 2 through March 18	10% of tax
March 19 and thereafter	15% of tax plus collection cost

The lien and collection date for motor vehicles is the last day of the month in which the motor vehicle license expires. The County bills and collects its own property taxes. Property tax revenue is recognized when past due and collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (defined as sixty days) to pay liabilities of the current period. An allowance is provided for an estimated amount of taxes billed, which may ultimately prove to be uncollectible. Unavailable revenue (property taxes) represents that portion of property taxes which is deemed not available to pay current expenses.

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, water & sewer systems, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The County defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of three years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets are capitalized as the projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary capital assets is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - (Continued)

All reported capital assets other than land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Capital assets of the primary government, as well as the component unit, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	15 years
Buildings and improvements	15 - 30 years
Leasehold improvements	15 years
Furniture and equipment	3 - 10 years
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10 years
Books	10 years
Infrastructure	50 years
Software	3 - 10 years

Land and building held for sale – During fiscal year 2013, the County constructed a spec building at the W.B. Brown Industrial Park. The building is currently listed on the market and available for sale. The County had the building appraised after completion at a fair market value of \$1,144,000, which was less than the cost of construction.

Compensated Absences - Employees with less than 10 years of service are allowed to carry over not more than thirty (30) days unused annual leave each July 1. Employees with 10 years or more of service may carry over no more than forty (40) days unused annual leave each January 1. Any employee who had more than the maximum carryover amount on June 30, 1989, when this policy was implemented, was allowed to keep the excess in a separate pool that will be paid to the employee upon separation from employment. Accumulated unused annual leave is paid to employees upon separation from employment.

The County has accrued a liability for accrued compensated absences which have been earned but not taken by County employees based on the following criteria:

- 1. The County's obligation relating to employees' rights to receive compensation for future absences is attributable to employees' service already rendered;
- 2. The obligation related to rights that vest or accumulate;
- 3. Payment of the compensation is probable; and
- 4. The amount can be reasonably estimated.

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - (Continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities and Equity - (Continued)

Property Taxes - The County follows GASB Codification Sec. N50 to account for non-exchange revenues that primarily consist of imposed non-exchange revenues or ad valorem taxes. Under the standard, a receivable is recorded when an enforceable legal claim for property taxes has arisen and revenue is recognized when the resources are available.

Interfund Activity - Reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers and are reported as operating transfers. For purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the County's financial position and results of operations and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events - In preparing these financial statements, the County's management has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 15, 2014, the date these financial statements were available for issuance.

New Accounting Pronouncements - Adopted - Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the County adopted GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. No capitalized debt issuance costs were recorded in the Statement of Net Position for the year ended June 30, 2013.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Budgetary Accounting - Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the general fund. Certain special revenue funds and capital projects funds are budgeted over the life of the grant or project but are not formally approved by County Council. Since grant periods may differ from the County's fiscal year, a comparison of budgetary information for the total special revenue and capital projects funds would not be meaningful. Formal budgetary policies are not employed for the debt service funds because effective budgetary control is alternatively achieved through debt provisions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability - (Continued)

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Prior to the first County Council meeting in June, the County Administrator submits to County Council
 a proposed operating budget. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means
 by which financing will occur.
- 2) Taxpayers are given the opportunity to comment on the proposed budget at a regularly scheduled open Council meeting.
- 3) The budget is legally adopted, after three readings, prior to June 30.
- 4) Any budget revisions are approved by County Council. The County Administrator has the authority only to reallocate the funds between line items within a department.
- 5) Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the general fund.
- 6) Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.
- 7) Encumbrances are not recognized by the County and are not considered in the budgetary control process. The appropriations of the general fund and special revenue funds of the County lapse at June 30 each year and the outstanding purchase orders, contracts and other commitments must be renewed. Therefore, there are no reservations of the fund balances at year end for encumbrances. Lapsed appropriations of the special revenue funds are reappropriated in the next budget year.

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds

Note 1. Deposits and Investments

At June 30, 2014, the County's cash and investments included demand deposits and local government pools. The local government investment pool is managed by the State of South Carolina.

Under State law, the County is authorized to hold funds in deposit accounts with banking institutions and invest funds in the following items: obligations of the United States and agencies thereof, obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units, savings and loan associations to the extent insured by an agency of the federal government, and/or certificates of deposit where the certificates are federally insured or collaterally secured by collateral of the types in the previously mentioned items.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds - (Continued)

Note 1. Deposits and Investments - (Continued)

Custodial credit risk - deposits:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. At June 30, 2014, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$40,565,086 and the bank balance was \$40,818,703.

State law requires that all of the County's deposits be covered by FDIC insurance or by collateral held in the pledging financial institutions' trust departments in the County's name. At June 30, 2014, all of the County's bank balance was insured or collateralized.

As of June 30, 2014, the County held the following investments:

	Fair	
Investment Type	Value	<u>Maturities</u>
South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 13,528,146	N/A

Interest rate risk:

The County does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk:

The County has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices other than State law. As of June 30, 2014, the underlying security ratings of the County's investment in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) may be obtained from the LGIP's complete financial statements. This investment pool does not have a credit quality rating assigned. These financial statements may be obtained by writing to the following address:

The State Treasurer's Office Local Government Investment Pool Post Office Box 11778 Columbia, South Carolina 29211

Concentration of credit risk:

The County places no limit on the amount the County may invest in any one issuer.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds - (Continued)

Note 2. Interfund Assets and Liabilities

The balances of interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Receivable Fund	ceivable Fund Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	\$	371,311
General Fund	W.B. Brown Industrial Park		1,150,359
Nonmajor Governmental	Fairfield Facilities Corporation		569,902

All of the above balances are scheduled to be collected in the subsequent year. The balances at June 30 resulted from the time lag between the dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system and payments between funds are made.

Any transactions to transfer revenues from the fund budgeted to receive them to the fund budgeted to expend them are reported as transfers from and to other funds. Total transfers during the year ended June 30, 2014 consisted of the following individual amounts:

Transfer In Fund Transfer Out Fund		 Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 18,650
W.B. Brown Industrial Park	General Fund	376,305
Fairfield Facilities Corporation	Nonmajor Governmental	744,047
Nonmajor Governmental	General Fund	 2,047,111
		\$ 3,186,113

Note 3. Due From Other Governmental Units

Amounts due from other governments at June 30, 2014 in the governmental type funds consisted of the following:

	State		Federal		Total	
General Fund	\$	1,189,201	\$	10,471	\$	1,199,672
EMS		-		1,290		1,290
Nonmajor Governmental		773,667		119,646		893,313
	\$	1,962,868	\$	131,407	\$	2,094,275

Note 4. Notes Receivable

In March 2011, the County issued a noninterest bearing note for \$400,000 from its General Fund to the Fairfield Memorial Hospital for the purpose of assisting the hospital in meeting its current administrative costs and expenses. During prior years the Hospital paid \$66,667 but then stopped making the required monthly payments. In March 2014, the County issued another noninterest bearing note for \$500,000 from its General Fund to the Hospital for the same purpose. The principal is payable in full in March 2017. During fiscal year 2014 the County received no payments from the Hospital. Due to management's uncertainty as to the likelihood of collection, the County has maintained an allowance of \$833,333 for the full amount outstanding at June 30, 2014. The County plans to continue attempts to fully collect the notes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds - (Continued)

Note 4. Notes Receivable - (Continued)

During fiscal year 2008, the County acquired land for the construction of a building within the W.B. Brown Industrial Park. During February 2011, the County sold the building to a private company for \$725,000. Per terms of the sales contract, the County received an initial deposit of \$200,000 on the date of closing and issued a noninterest bearing note for the remaining sales price. The note became payable to the County beginning in March 2011 in 60 monthly payments of \$8,750.

Fiscal YearEnding	Amount		
2015	\$	105,000	
2016		61,280	
Total minimum note payments		166,280	
Less current portion		105,000	
Long-term portion	\$	61,280	

Note 5. Capital Assets

Primary Government

The following is a summary of the changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	Balance, June 30, 2013	Additions	Reductions	Balance, June 30, 2014
Capital assets, not being depreciated Land Construction in progress	\$ 2,500,481 4,342,988	\$ 32,700 2,116,036	\$ - (280,000)	\$ 2,533,181 6,179,024
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	6,843,469	2,148,736	(280,000)	8,712,205
Capital assets, being depreciated Land improvements Buildings and improvements Leasehold improvements Infrastructure Machinery and equipment Software	23,295,735 19,900,019 1,658,079 1,106,890 16,561,908 330,159	335,531 1,819,902 - - - 742,275 61,373	- - - - (26,101)	23,631,266 21,719,921 1,658,079 1,106,890 17,278,082 391,532
Total capital assets, being depreciated	62,852,790	2,959,081	<u>(26,101)</u>	65,785,770
Accumulated depreciation Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	(36,584,922) 26,267,868	(2,473,148) 485,933		(39,031,969) 26,753,801
Net capital assets	\$ 33,111,33 <u>7</u>	\$ 2,634,669	\$ (280,000)	\$ 35,466,006

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds - (Continued)

Note 5. Capital Assets - (Continued)

Depreciation expense was allocated to programs of the primary government as follows:

General government	\$ 1,443,315
Public safety	434,080
Public works and utilities	63,601
Health and welfare	449,294
Judicial	115
Cultural and recreation	 82,743
	\$ 2,473,148

Note 6. HON Facility

The County has entered into a long-term lease agreement with the State of South Carolina (the State) for the use of their HON facility. The HON facility has square footage of approximately 186,000 and is located in Winnsboro, South Carolina. The lease agreement requires no annual lease payment from the County; however, the County must pay for all maintenance, utilities and insurance for the facility. The lease will expire during fiscal year 2031. The County's Assessor has estimated a fair market value for leasing similar sized industrial spaces at \$2.50 per square foot. Based on their assessment, the County has recorded \$465,000 as an in-kind contribution from the State and rent expense in the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

		Balance,				Balance,		Due in less	[Due in more
	Ju	ne 30, 2013	 <u>Additions</u>	_Re	eductions_	June 30, 2014	<u>th</u>	<u>an one year</u>	th	an one year
Bonds payable:										
General obligation bonds	\$	5,865,000	\$ 769,178	\$	740,000	\$ 5,894,178	\$	1,081,959	\$	4,812,219
Revenue bonds		24,690,000	-		-	24,690,000		10,000		24,680,000
Less: unamortized										
bond discounts		(630,872)	 		(23,330)	(607,542)	_	(23,322)		(584,220)
Total bonds payable	\$	29,924,128	\$ 769,178	\$	716,670	<u>\$ 29,976,636</u>	\$	1,068,637	\$	28,907,999
Accrued compensated										
absences	\$	669,286	\$ 66,911	\$	(41,671)	\$ 694,526	\$	53,812	\$	640,714

General obligation bonds consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

\$6,750,000 general obligation bonds due in annual installments of \$740,000 to \$955,000 through March 1, 2020; interest at 3.2% to 4.3%

\$ 5,125,000

\$769,178 general obligation bonds due in annual installments of \$36,250 to \$316,958 through March 1, 2021; interest at 2.95%

769,178 \$ 5,894,178

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds - (Continued)

Note 7. Long-Term Liabilities - (Continued)

Revenue bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment and are secured by the pledge of certain fee-in-lieu of tax revenues of the County and do not constitute the general obligations, or pledge of the faith, credit of taxing power of the County or any other political subdivision.

Revenue bonds consisted of the following at June 30, 2014:

\$3,710,000 series 2013A revenue bonds due in annual installments of \$10,000 to \$875,000 through September 1, 2025; interest at 2.6% to 3.3%

3,710,000

\$20,980,000 series 2013B revenue bonds due in annual installments of \$500,000 to \$1,600,000 through September 1, 2042; interest at 2.2% to 4.0%

20,980,000 \$ 24,690,000

The scheduled maturities of the County's bonds payable by type are as follows:

Year Ended June 30 General Obligation Bonds	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2021	\$ 1,081,958 922,970 866,250 963,418 910,000 1,149,582 \$ 5,894,178	\$ 263,633 222,662 184,665 145,416 100,900 58,408 \$ 975,684	\$ 1,345,591 1,145,632 1,050,915 1,108,834 1,010,900 1,207,990 \$ 6,869,862
Revenue Bonds			
2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020-2024 2025-2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2043	\$ 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 10,000 2,435,000 4,515,000 5,305,000 6,345,000 6,040,000 \$ 24,690,000	\$ 886,813 886,550 886,288 886,025 885,763 4,331,153 3,740,938 2,920,744 1,847,144 495,200 \$ 17,766,618	\$ 896,813 896,550 896,288 896,025 895,763 6,766,153 8,255,938 8,225,744 8,192,144 6,535,200 \$ 42,456,618

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

III. Detailed Notes On All Funds - (Continued)

Note 8. Net Position

Net position of the government-wide financial statements represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Reported amounts for net investment in capital assets and restricted for capital improvements are as follows at June 30, 2014:

Net Position

Net investment in capital assets:

Net investment in capital assets.	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 35,466,006
Less: Bonds payable	(29,976,636)
Less: Capital project payables and retainages	(1,145,602)
Add: Unspent bond proceeds	22,059,386
	<u>\$ 26,403,154</u>
Restricted for capital improvements:	
Fairfield Facilities Corporation Revenue Bonds	\$ 22,059,386
Less: Unspent bond proceeds	(22,059,386)
	\$ -

IV. Other Information

Note 9. Retirement Benefits

The majority of employees of the County are covered by a retirement plan through the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Retirement Division of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), a public employee retirement system. All full-time County employees whose principal duties are the preservation of public order, protection, or prevention and control of property destruction by fire are covered by the Police Officer's Retirement System (PORS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer pension plan also administered by PEBA. Generally, all full-time or part-time equivalent State employees in a permanent position are required to participate in and contribute to the plans as a condition of employment unless exempted by law as provided in Section 9-1-480 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended, or are eligible and elect to participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (ORP). The SCRS plan provides life-time monthly retirement annuity benefits to members as well as disability, survivor options, annual benefit adjustments, death benefits, and incidental benefits to eligible employees and retired members.

The Retirement Division maintains five independent defined benefit plans and issues its own publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR), which includes financial statements and required supplementary information. A copy of the separately issued CAFR may be obtained by writing to the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960. Furthermore, the Retirement Division and the five pension plans are included in the State of South Carolina's CAFR.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

IV. Other Information - (Continued)

Note 9. Retirement Benefits - (Continued)

Under the SCRS, Class II members are eligible for a full service retirement annuity upon reaching age 65 or completion of 28 years of credited service regardless of age. Employees who first became members of the SCRS after June 30, 2012 are considered Class III members and are eligible for a full service retirement annuity upon reaching age 65 or upon meeting the rule of 90 requirement (i.e., the member's age plus the years of service add up to a total of at least 90). The benefit formula for full benefits effective since July 1, 1989 for the SCRS is 1.82 percent of an employee's average final compensation (AFC) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For Class II members, AFC is the average annual earnable compensation during 12 consecutive quarters and includes an amount for up to 45 days termination pay at retirement for unused annual leave. For Class III members, AFC is the average annual earnable compensation during 20 consecutive quarters and termination pay for unused annual leave at retirement is not included. Early retirement options with reduced benefits are available as early as age 55 for Class II members and age 60 for Class III members. Class II members are vested for a deferred annuity after five years of earned service. Class III members are vested for a deferred annuity after five years of earned service. Members qualify for a survivor's benefit upon completion of 15 years of credited service (five years effective January 1, 2002).

Disability annuity benefits are payable to Class II members if they have permanent incapacity to perform regular duties of the member's job and they have at least 5 years of earned service (this requirement does not apply if the disability is a result of a job related injury). Class III members qualify for disability annuity benefits provided they have a minimum of eight years of credited service. An incidental death benefit equal to an employee's annual rate of compensation is payable upon the death of an active employee with a minimum of one year of credited service or to a working retired contributing member. There is no service requirement for death resulting from actual performance of duties for an active member. For eligible retired members, a lump-sum payment is made to the retiree's beneficiary of up to \$6,000 based on years of service at retirement. Teacher and Employee Retention Incentive (TERI) participants and retired contributing members are eligible for the increased death benefit equal to their annual salary in lieu of the standard retired member benefit.

Effective January 1, 2001, Section 9-1-2210 of the South Carolina Code of Laws allows employees eligible for service retirement to participate in the TERI Program. TERI participants may retire and begin accumulating retirement benefits on a deferred basis without terminating employment for up to five years.

Upon termination of employment or at the end of the TERI period, whichever is earlier, participants will begin receiving monthly service retirement benefits which will include any cost of living adjustments granted during the TERI period. Because participants are considered retired during the TERI period, they do not earn service credit, and are ineligible to receive group life insurance benefits or disability retirement benefits. The TERI program will end effective June 30, 2018.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

IV. Other Information - (Continued)

Note 9. Retirement Benefits - (Continued)

Effective July 1, 2013, employees participating in the SCRS were required to contribute 7.50% of all earnable compensation. The employer contribution rate for SCRS was 15.52%. Included in the total SCRS employer contribution rate is a base retirement contribution of 10.45% and 0.15% for the incidental death program and a 4.92% surcharge that will fund retiree health and dental insurance coverage. The County's actual retirement and incidental death contributions to the SCRS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were:

Fiscal Year	Re	tiren	nent	Incid	l Death	
<u>Ended</u>	<u>Rate</u>	Contribution		Rate	Rate Cor	
2014	10.450%	\$	803,027	0.15%	\$	11,527
2013	10.450%		813,033	0.15%		11,670
2012	9.385%		728,389	0.15%		11,642

Effective July 1, 2013, employees participating in the PORS were required to contribute 7.84% of all earnable compensation. The employer contribution rate for PORS was 17.76%. Included in the total PORS employer contribution rate is a base retirement contribution of 12.44%, 0.20% for the accidental death program and 0.20% for the incidental death program, and a 4.92% surcharge that will fund retiree health and dental insurance coverage. The County's actual retirement, incidental death and accidental death program contributions to the PORS for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were:

Fiscal Year	Re	etirement		ntal Death and dental Death	
<u>Ended</u>	Rate	Contribution	Rate	Contribution	
2014	12.440%	\$ 368,495	0.40%	\$ 11,849	
2013	11.900%	344,412	0.40%	11,577	
2012	11.363%	334,804	0.40%	11,786	

As an alternative to membership to SCRS, newly hired State and school district employees may elect to participate in the ORP, a defined contribution plan. The ORP was established in 1987 under Title 9, Chapter 20, of the South Carolina Code of Laws. State ORP participants direct the investment of their funds into a plan administered by one of four investment providers. The State assumes no liability for State ORP plan other than for payment of contributions to designated companies. To elect participation in the ORP, eligible employees must elect membership within their first 30 days of employment. Under State law, contributions to the ORP are required at the same rates as for the SCRS, 10.60% from the employer in fiscal year 2014. Of the 10.60% employer retirement contribution rate, the employer remits 5.00% directly to the participant's ORP account and the remaining 5.45% and 0.15% incidental death program contribution amounts are remitted to SCRS. For fiscal year 2014, the County had no employees who elected to participate in the ORP.

The amounts paid by the County for pension, incidental death program, and accidental death program contributions are reported as employer contribution expenditures within the applicable functional expenditure categories to which the related salaries are charged.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

IV. Other Information - (Continued)

Note 9. Retirement Benefits - (Continued)

Article X, Section 16, of the South Carolina Constitution requires that all State-operated retirement systems be funded on a sound actuarial basis. Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, prescribes requirements relating to membership, benefit, and employee/employer contributions for each retirement system. Employee and employer contribution rates to SCRS are actuarially determined.

The surcharges to fund retiree health and dental insurance are not part of the actuarially established rates.

For the current fiscal year, the SCRS does not make separate measurements of assets and pension benefit obligations for individual employers within the cost-sharing plan. Under Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, the County's liability under the plans is limited to the amount of required employer contributions (stated as a percentage of covered payroll) as established by PEBA and as appropriated in the South Carolina Appropriations Act and from other applicable revenue sources. Accordingly, the County recognizes no contingent liability for unfunded costs associated with participation in the plans.

Note 10. Deferred Compensation/Salary Deferral Plan

Several optional deferred compensation plans are available to the County employees. The multiple-employer plans, created under Internal Revenue Code Sections 457 and 401(k), are accounted for as agency funds of the State and included in the State's CAFR. Employees may withdraw the current value of their contributions when they terminate County employment. Employees may also withdraw contributions prior to termination if they meet requirements specified by the applicable plan.

Compensation deferred under the Section 401(k) plan is placed in trust for the contributing employee. The State has no liability for losses under the plans. Under the Section 457 plan, all deferred compensation plan amounts and earnings remain assets of the State subject to the claims of the employer's general creditors, one of whom is the employee participant. It is unlikely, however, that the State would ever use plan assets to satisfy claims of the State's general creditors. The portion of assets of the Section 457 plan to which the State has access is disclosed in its financial report.

Note 11. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description - The County's policy is to provide post-retirement health, life and dental care benefits to substantially all employees who retire under the State's retirement plans. Its plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan. Effective July 1, 2011, County Council elected to change the benefits offered to retirees as follows: the County will pay 100% of the premium for those retirees with 10 or more consecutive years of service with the County until they reach age 65 and are eligible for Medicare coverage. Upon reaching the age of 65, the retiree has the option to pay the full premium or receive \$100 per month to help supplement the cost of purchasing Medicare gap coverage. Benefits may still be purchased for eligible retiree dependents; however, the cost of these benefits are paid by the retiree and no longer the County.

Funding Policy - The contribution requirements of plan members and the County are established and may be amended by the County. The required contribution is currently based on pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the County recognized approximately \$180,000 in expenditures for current healthcare premiums.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

IV. Other Information - (Continued)

Note 11. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) - (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation - The County's annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Codification Sec. P50. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB:

Normal cost for current year Amortization of unamortized accrued liability	\$ 136,999 137,938
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to ARC	 274,937 60,118 (62,574)
Annual OPEB cost Contributions made	 272,481 (179,942)
Increase in net OPEB obligation Net obligation, beginning of year Net obligation, end of year	 92,539 <u>1,502,939</u> <u>1,595,478</u>

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the 2014, 2013 and 2012 fiscal years were as follows:

		Percentage	
Fiscal		of Annual	
Year	Annual	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
<u>Ended</u>	OPEB Cost	<u>Contributed</u>	<u>Obligation</u>
2014	\$ 272,481	66.04%	\$ 1,595,478
2013	309,130	44.51%	1,502,939
2012	269,882	62.29%	1,331,409

Funded Status and Funding Progress - As of July 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was unfunded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$3,313,031, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of the same amount. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) for the 2014 fiscal year was \$9,301,731, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 36%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funding status of the plan and annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

IV. Other Information - (Continued)

Note 11. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) - (Continued)

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2014 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit method was used and the study was based on a closed group. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets on the County's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 6.5% in 2014 decreasing to the ultimate rate of 5.0% in 2017. Also, the actuarial assumptions included a 2.5% payroll growth rate. The UAAL is being amortized via the level percentage method which amortizes the UAAL as a constant percent of payroll over a 30 year period.

Note 12. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and job related illnesses and accidents. The County pays premiums to a public entity risk pool for worker's compensation insurance and to the State Accident Fund for all other forms of coverage. The public entity risk pool and the State Accident Fund promise to pay to or on behalf of the insured for covered economic losses sustained during the policy period in accordance with insurance policy and benefit program limits. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses for the covered risks. There has been no significant reduction in coverage and amounts of settlements have not exceeded coverage in any of the last three years.

Note 13. Commitments

The County is obligated under a transfer station service agreement with a provider of rural trash collection services. This contract is for ten years with five year renewal options and requires payments based on a per ton fee for solid waste delivered for disposal. During the year ended June 30, 2014, the County incurred costs totaling \$647,387 (net of user fees) under this agreement.

The majority of the County's facilities are owner-occupied buildings. The County is obligated under certain operating leases for additional office space. The obligations under these leases are not considered significant for financial reporting purposes.

The County is obligated under certain maintenance agreements for continued service to office machinery, data processing equipment and software. Each contract is evaluated annually and a decision is made to either continue the service or let the maintenance agreement lapse. For the year ended June 30, 2014, the total cost included in the financial statements of the County was approximately \$432,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

IV. Other Information - (Continued)

Note 13. Commitments - (Continued)

The County is obligated under certain insurance policies to provide coverage for such things as tort liability, unemployment insurance, flood insurance, fire insurance, heavy equipment floater insurance, automobile comprehensive and collision insurance, and contents insurance for various County owned buildings. Each policy is renewable upon the anniversary date.

As of June 30, 2014, the County has outstanding construction contracts of \$948,575.

Note 14. Economic Dependency

The County received a substantial portion of its property tax revenues from a single taxpayer, South Carolina Electric and Gas (SCANA Corporation). Of the total tax revenues of \$20,584,604 recorded in the general fund for the year ended June 30, 2014, \$8,167,358 was generated from SCANA Corporation due to its operation of the VC Summer Nuclear Plant. This represents 40% of total tax revenues collected for the general fund. Consequently, the funding of County operations is heavily dependent on property tax revenues collected from SCANA Corporation.

Note 15. Fund Balances

Governmental funds report fund balances in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2014, fund balances for government funds are made up of the following categories:

- Nonspendable Fund Balance includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or
 contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that
 are not expected to be converted to cash, for example: inventories, prepaid amounts, and long-term notes
 receivable.
- Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers.
- Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by
 a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority, County Council. Commitments
 may be changed or lifted only by the County taking the same formal action that imposes the constraint
 originally.
- Assigned Fund Balance comprises amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes that
 are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by (a) County Council or (b) a body (for example:
 a Finance Committee) or official to which County Council has delegated the authority to assign amounts to
 be used for specific purposes.
- Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2014

IV. Other Information - (Continued)

Note 15. Fund Balances - (Continued)

In circumstances when an expenditure is made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, fund balance is generally depleted in the order of restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

County Council is the County's highest level of decision making authority. County Council can establish, modify, or rescind fund balance commitments through adoption of a resolution or ordinance. The County Administrator has the authority to assign fund balance amounts to a specific purpose. The County Administrator is appointed by, and serves at the pleasure of County Council.

The County considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted amounts are available. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the County considers expenditures to be used in this respective order.

As of June 30, 2014, County Council had not established an unassigned fund balance target.

Note 16. Local Option Sales Tax

Fairfield County voters approved the Local Option Sales Tax referendum which added one cent to the sales and use tax imposed within the County. The Local Option Sales Tax is a 1% increase to the current sales tax rate, bringing the new sales tax rate to 7%. The revenue generated as a result of the additional one cent sales tax is collected by the South Carolina Department of Revenue to provide for county and municipal property tax relief. Resources collected, less a portion retained by the State, are distributed by the State to participating cities and counties based upon formulations defined by State law.

For the year ended June 30, 2014, amounts remitted (allocated) to the County totaled \$2.1 million. Fairfield County passed an ordinance devoting all of the proceeds received, from the State in the Local Option Sales Tax program, to property tax reduction. As of June 30, 2014, approximately \$491,000 of the General Fund's fund balance is committed for future local option sales tax credits.

Note 17. Building Purchase and Lease Agreement

During fiscal year 2014, the County purchased a building and subsequently leased it to Element Real Estate Holdings, LLC (Element) at a base rent of \$1 per year through December 31, 2043. The building purchase was funded with intergovernmental State revenue of approximately \$1.2 million and Fairfield Facilities Corporation bond proceeds of approximately \$570,000. Improvements made by Element are exempt from ad valorem property taxes, however, Element shall be required to make annual payments-in-lieu-of-taxes. Per the Special Source Revenue Credit Agreement and Lease Agreement the annual payments-in-lieu-of-taxes and the base rent are subject to various "conditions" which require Element to make certain taxable property investments and create new jobs within the County over a scheduled timeframe.

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) - General Fund For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

	Bu	dgeted Amou	ints			Variance with	
	Original		Final		Actual	Fit	nal Budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ 18,851	,513 \$	18,851,513	\$	20,584,604	\$	1,733,091
Sales tax	1,594	,340	1,594,340		2,096,835		502,495
Intergovernmental	701	,000	701,000		1,433,225		732,225
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	566	,750	566,750		789,633		222,883
Charges for services	299	,266	299,266		465,052		165,786
Investment income	3	,500	3,500		6,455		2,955
Miscellaneous	73	,000	73,000		192,773		119,773
Total revenues	22,089	,369	22,089,369		25,568,577		3,479,208
Expenditures							
General government							
County Council		,162	278,162		257,541		20,621
County Attorney	228	,929	286,193		284,490		1,703
County Administrator	257	,486	257,486		232,464		25,022
Finance	567	,388	575,482		574,956		526
Human resources	401	,560	423,560		336,711		86,849
Purchasing	181	,131	184,657		165,553		19,104
Data processing	657	,302	657,302		462,310		194,992
General operating	2,710	,379	2,340,131		2,125,750		214,381
Tax assessor	346	,916	348,825		348,530		295
Tax collector	156	,225	156,225		145,842		10,383
Building maintenance	741	,640	741,640		723,705		17,935
Planning and building	519	,480	519,480		410,966		108,514
Transit	193	,451	193,451		186,651		6,800
Economic development	138	,682	143,887		143,863		24
Auditor	114	,417	114,417		112,222		2,195
Treasurer	152	,027	152,215		152,211		4
Voter registration / Election Commission		,242	234,474		233,789		685
Veterans Affairs	124	,250	124,250		90,676		33,574
Delegation		,657	2,665		2,664		1
Airport Commission	56	,300	60,172		60,146		26
Airport T-Hangers		-	-		6,270		(6,270)
Quickjobs	61	,200	61,200		41,304		19,896
Summer youth program		,148	31,878		31,926		(48)
Soil and water conservation		,430	38,002		38,000		2
Allocations to local organizations		,889	378,889		378,889		-
Total general government	8,501	,291	8,304,643		7,547,429		757,214
Public safety							
Sheriff	3,129	,992	3,129,992		2,964,102		165,890
Detention center	1,753	,958	1,753,958		1,605,123		148,835
Animal control	230	,293	242,143		242,032		111
Coroner	97	,040	97,040		91,531		5,509
Allocations to local organizations	30	,600	30,600		30,600		-
Total public safety	5,241	,883	5,253,733		4,933,388		320,345
Public works and utilities							
Road maintenance division	1,487	,782	1,491,750		1,490,108		1,642
Total public works and utilities	1,487	,782	1,491,750		1,490,108		1,642

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) - General Fund For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

Proper Properties Propert		Budgete	d Amounts		Variance with
Health and welfare		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Fairfield County Department of Social Services 67,600 85,288 85,282 6 Emergency medical management 715,227 715,227 664,395 50,832 Solid waste 2,079,413 1,955,590 123,823 Allocations to local organizations 1,397,287 1,447,287 1,968,182 (520,895) Total health and welfare 4,259,527 4,327,215 4,673,449 (346,234) Judicial Probate Judge 146,693 151,873 151,230 643 Clerk of Court 308,999 309,203 309,197 6 Family court 124,171 132,704 132,823 (119) Magistrates 438,376 438,376 435,632 2,744 Total judicial 1,018,239 1,032,156 1,028,882 3,274 Total valural and recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834 463,83	Expenditures, Continued				
Emergency medical management 715,227 (2014) 15,227 (2014) 664,395 (2008) 50,832 (2008) Solid waste (2009) 2,079,413 (2008) 1,2073,413 (2008) 1,958,182 (520,895) Total health and welfare (2008) 4,259,527 (4,327,215 (4,37,449) (3,46,234) (346,234) Probate Judge (2008) 146,693 (151,873) (151,873) (151,230) (643) 643 Clerk of Court (3008) 308,999 (309,203) (309,197) (643) 664 Family Court (124,171) (132,704) (132,823) (119) 132,823 (119) Magistrates (438,376) (438,376) (438,376) (435,632) (2,744) 2,744 Total judicial (1014) (10	Health and welfare				
Solid waste 2,079,413 2,079,413 2,079,413 1,968,182 (520,895) Allocations to local organizations 1,397,287 1,447,287 1,968,182 (520,895) Total health and welfare 4,259,527 4,327,215 4,673,449 (346,234) Judicial Probate Judge 146,693 151,873 151,230 643 Clerk of Court 308,999 309,203 309,197 6 6 Family court 124,171 132,704 132,823 (119) Magistrates 438,376 438,376 438,376 438,376 438,376 438,376 1,028,882 3,274 Cultural and recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 453,834 463,834 463,834 463,834 22,014 (22,014) Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay - 2,014 <td>Fairfield County Department of Social Services</td> <td>67,600</td> <td>85,288</td> <td>85,282</td> <td>6</td>	Fairfield County Department of Social Services	67,600	85,288	85,282	6
Allocations to local organizations		715,227	715,227	664,395	50,832
Total health and welfare 4,259,527 4,327,215 4,673,449 (346,234) Judicial Probate Judge 146,693 151,873 151,230 643 Clerk of Court 308,999 309,203 309,197 6 Family court 124,171 132,704 132,823 (119) Magistrates 438,376 438,376 435,632 2,744 Total judicial 1,018,239 1,032,156 1,028,882 3,274 Cultural and recreation 8 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834 - Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay - - 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620					•
Judicial	Allocations to local organizations	1,397,287	1,447,287	1,968,182	(520,895)
Probate Judge 146,693 151,873 151,230 643 Clerk of Court 308,999 309,203 309,197 6 Family court 124,171 132,704 132,823 (119) Magistrates 438,376 438,376 435,632 2,744 Total judicial 1,018,239 1,032,156 1,028,882 3,274 Cultural and recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834	Total health and welfare	4,259,527	4,327,215	4,673,449	(346,234)
Clerk of Court 308,999 309,203 309,197 6 Family court 124,171 132,704 132,823 (119) Magistrates 438,376 438,376 435,632 2,744 Total judicial 1,018,239 1,032,156 1,028,882 3,274 Cultural and recreation Recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834 - Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay - - 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 4,200 4,200 - 18,650 Transfers out	Judicial				
Family court Magistrates 124,171 132,704 132,823 (119) Magistrates 438,376 438,376 435,632 2,744 Total judicial 1,018,239 1,032,156 1,028,882 3,274 Cultural and recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834 463,834 463,834 1.266,687 69,375 Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay - - - 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in - - 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,264,089) <td< td=""><td>Probate Judge</td><td>146,693</td><td>151,873</td><td>151,230</td><td>643</td></td<>	Probate Judge	146,693	151,873	151,230	643
Magistrates 438,376 438,376 435,632 2,744 Total judicial 1,018,239 1,032,156 1,028,882 3,274 Cultural and recreation Recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834 - Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay - - 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) 41,656,106	Clerk of Court	308,999	309,203	309,197	6
Total judicial 1,018,239 1,032,156 1,028,882 3,274 Cultural and recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834 463,834 - Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay - - 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in - - - 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166 4	Family court	124,171	132,704	132,823	(119)
Cultural and recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834 463,834 Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay — — 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) 4,200 4,200 — (4,200) Transfers in — — — 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year	Magistrates	438,376	438,376	435,632	2,744
Recreation 796,691 796,691 727,434 69,257 Museum 75,333 75,537 75,419 118 Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834 - Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay - - 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in - - 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund b	Total judicial	1,018,239	1,032,156	1,028,882	3,274
Museum Allocations to local organizations 75,333 A63,834 75,537 A63,834 75,419 A63,834 118 A63,834 463,834	Cultural and recreation				
Allocations to local organizations 463,834 463,834 463,834	Recreation	796,691	796,691	727,434	69,257
Total cultural and recreation 1,335,858 1,336,062 1,266,687 69,375 Capital outlay - - - 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in - - 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166 8	Museum	75,333	75,537	75,419	118
Capital outlay - - 22,014 (22,014) Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in - - - 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166 8,457,166 8,457,166	Allocations to local organizations	463,834	463,834	463,834	
Total expenditures 21,844,580 21,745,559 20,961,957 783,602 Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) 8 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in - - 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166 8,457,166 8,457,166	Total cultural and recreation	1,335,858	1,336,062	1,266,687	69,375
Excess of revenues over expenditures 244,789 343,810 4,606,620 4,262,810 Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166	Capital outlay	-		22,014	(22,014)
Other financing sources (uses) Proceeds from sale of capital assets 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in - - 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year	Total expenditures	21,844,580	21,745,559	20,961,957	783,602
Proceeds from sale of capital assets 4,200 4,200 - (4,200) Transfers in - - - 18,650 18,650 Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166	Excess of revenues over expenditures	244,789	343,810	4,606,620	4,262,810
Transfers in Transfers out - - 18,650 (2,268,289) 18,650 (2,263,310) 18,650 (2,423,416) 18,650 (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166	Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out (2,268,289) (2,367,310) (2,423,416) (56,106) Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166	Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,200	4,200	-	(4,200)
Total other financing sources (uses) (2,264,089) (2,363,110) (2,404,766) (41,656) Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166	Transfers in	-	-	18,650	18,650
Net change in fund balance \$ (2,019,300) \$ (2,019,300) 2,201,854 \$ 4,221,154 Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166 8,457,166	Transfers out	(2,268,289)	(2,367,310)	(2,423,416)	(56,106)
Fund balance, beginning of year 8,457,166	Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,264,089)	(2,363,110)	(2,404,766)	(41,656)
	Net change in fund balance	\$ (2,019,300)	\$ (2,019,300)	2,201,854	\$ 4,221,154
Fund balance, end of year \$ 10,659,020	Fund balance, beginning of year		·	8,457,166	
	Fund balance, end of year			\$ 10,659,020	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule (GAAP Basis) - EMS For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

	 Budgeted	Amour		Variance with		
	Original		Final	 Actual	Fir	nal Budget
Revenues						
Taxes	\$ 2,560,897	\$	2,560,897	\$ 2,811,433	\$	250,536
Charges for services	828,608		828,608	1,022,399		193,791
Miscellaneous	 			 1,692		1,692
Total revenues	 3,389,505		3,389,505	3,835,524		446,019
Expenditures						
Health and welfare						
Compensation and benefits	2,340,181		2,340,181	2,651,066		(310,885)
Operating expenditures	749,945		749,945	557,874		192,071
Capital outlay	 546,000		546,000	 279,444		266,556
Total health and welfare expenditures	 3,636,126		3,636,126	3,488,384		147,742
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (246,621)		(246,621)	 347,140		593,761
Net change in fund balance	\$ (246,621)	\$	(246,621)	347,140	\$	593,761
Fund balance, beginning of year				733,681		
Fund balance, end of year				\$ 1,080,821		

Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Post Employment Benefit Plan June 30, 2014

Fiscal Year	Actuarial Valuation Date	Employer Contributions to the Retiree Health Plan	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)- Simplified Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Covered Payroll* (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)
2010	7/1/2008	-	-	9,887,275	9,887,275	0%	8,564,924	115%
2011	7/1/2010	-	-	2,997,394	2,997,394	0%	8,562,760	35%
2012	7/1/2012	-	-	2,997,394	2,997,394	0%	8,875,961	34%
2013	7/1/2012	-	-	3,210,644	3,210,644	0%	9,218,382	35%
2014	7/1/2014	-	-	3,313,031	3,313,031	0%	9,301,731	36%

 $^{{\}bf *Includes\ payroll\ expense\ for\ all\ employees\ who\ are\ eligible\ for\ medical\ insurance\ coverage.}$

Fairfield County Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

		Nonmajor Debt Service		Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,244,482	\$	3,234,281	\$ 5,353,751	\$	9,832,514
Taxes receivable, net		33,048		28,043	-		61,091
Accounts receivable, net		-		14,783	-		14,783
Due from other funds		-		-	569,902		569,902
Due from other governmental units		70		187,739	705,504		893,313
Prepaid items		-		20,108	16,323		36,431
Total assets	\$	1,277,600	\$	3,484,954	\$ 6,645,480	\$	11,408,034
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund	Balar	ices					
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	157,043	\$ 592,975	\$	750,018
Retainage payable		-	-	-	15,887		15,887
Accrued expenses		-		25,423	-		25,423
Due to other funds		_		54,728	316,583		371,311
					 _		_
Total liabilities				237,194	 925,445		1,162,639
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue - timing restriction							
for property taxes and fees		16,028		13,601	-	_	29,629
Total deferred inflows of resources		16,028		13,601	 -		29,629
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable							
Prepaid items		-		20,108	16,323		36,431
Restricted							
General government		-		65,023	-		65,023
Public safety		-		2,052,536	-		2,052,536
Health and welfare		-		838,467	-		838,467
Judicial		-		85,303	-		85,303
Cultural and recreation		-		119,634	-		119,634
Debt service		1,261,572		-			1,261,572
Committed							
Public works and utilities		-		-	1,857,658		1,857,658
Cultural and recreation		-		54,408	-		54,408
Capital outlay		-		-	3,846,054		3,846,054
Unassigned		-		(1,320)	-		(1,320)
Total fund balances		1,261,572		3,234,159	5,720,035		10,215,766
Total liabilities, deferred inflows							
of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,277,600	\$	3,484,954	\$ 6,645,480	\$	11,408,034

Fairfield County

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Nonmajor Debt Service	Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	Nonmajor Capital Project Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues	á 4.275.202	d 4 202 740	A	å 2757.042
Taxes	\$ 1,375,203	\$ 1,382,740	\$ -	\$ 2,757,943
Intergovernmental	-	696,029	2,395,935	3,091,964
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	-	234,355 422,445	-	234,355
Charges for services Investment income	-	422,445 6	90,060	422,445 90,066
Miscellaneous	_	31,273	67,802	99,075
Miscellaneous		31,273	07,802	
Total revenues	1,375,203	2,766,848	2,553,797	6,695,848
Expenditures				
General government	-	178,773	264,668	443,441
Public safety	-	731,939	-	731,939
Public works and utilities	-	6,000	1,460,711	1,466,711
Health and welfare	-	1,017,741	-	1,017,741
Judicial	-	85,801	-	85,801
Cultural and recreation	-	121,176	-	121,176
Capital outlay	-	94,040	3,182,397	3,276,437
Debt service				
Principal retirement	740,000	-	-	740,000
Interest and fiscal charges	308,530			308,530
Total expenditures	1,048,530	2,235,470	4,907,776	8,191,776
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	326,673	531,378	(2,353,979)	(1,495,928)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from general obligation bonds	769,178	-	-	769,178
Transfers in	14,869	312,647	1,719,595	2,047,111
Transfers out	(744,047)	(18,650)		(762,697)
Total other financing sources	40,000	293,997	1,719,595	2,053,592
Net change in fund balances	366,673	825,375	(634,384)	557,664
Fund balances, beginning of year	894,899	2,408,784	6,354,419	9,658,102
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,261,572	\$ 3,234,159	\$ 5,720,035	\$ 10,215,766

Comparative Balance Sheets - General Fund As of June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 7,011,185	\$	4,794,681	
Taxes receivable, net	417,466		456,918	
Accounts receivable, net	1,797,055		1,078,625	
Due from other funds	1,521,670		2,054,166	
Due from other governmental units	1,199,672		1,143,764	
Prepaid items	32,974		162,629	
Notes receivable, net	 -		250,000	
Total assets	\$ 11,980,022	\$	9,940,783	
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 347,273	\$	295,463	
Accrued expenses	461,606		602,029	
Unavailable revenue	182,930		200,916	
Due to taxpayers	3,331		3,334	
Due to other agencies	270,840		321,809	
Due to component units	49,430		49,241	
Due to other governmental units	 5,592		10,825	
Total liabilities	1,321,002		1,483,617	
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable				
Prepaid items	32,974		162,629	
Notes receivable	-		250,000	
Committed				
Local option sales tax	491,377		805,660	
General government	3,480,000		3,480,000	
Health and welfare	760,000		760,000	
Unassigned	 5,894,669		2,998,877	
Total fund balances	 10,659,020		8,457,166	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 11,980,022	\$	9,940,783	

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - General Fund For the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	2014	2013
Revenues		
Taxes	\$ 20,584,604	\$ 20,686,446
Sales tax	2,096,835	1,988,755
Intergovernmental	1,433,225	1,478,270
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	789,633	762,996
Charges for services	465,052	441,098
Investment income	6,455	6,361
Miscellaneous	 192,773	 61,891
Total revenues	 25,568,577	25,425,817
Expenditures		
General government	7,547,429	7,640,580
Public safety	4,933,388	5,052,082
Public works and utilities	1,490,108	1,498,195
Health and welfare	4,673,449	4,117,890
Judicial	1,028,882	1,006,537
Cultural and recreation	1,266,687	1,302,817
Capital outlay	 22,014	 74,894
Total expenditures	20,961,957	 20,692,995
Excess revenues over expenditures	4,606,620	4,732,822
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in	18,650	494,576
Transfers out	 (2,423,416)	 (4,659,371)
Total other financing uses	 (2,404,766)	 (4,164,795)
Net change in fund balances	2,201,854	568,027
Fund balance, beginning of year	 8,457,166	 7,889,139
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 10,659,020	\$ 8,457,166

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2014

	Tourism Promotion		Tourism Related	<u> </u>	Airport	Transit System		Sheriff Seizure		Railroad Track Maintenance	
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,913	\$ 62,863	\$	68,323	\$	86,310	\$	11,107	\$	59,608
Taxes receivable, net		-	-		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		-	-		-		2,806		-		-
Due from other governmental units		-	-		-		47,934		-		-
Prepaid items			 		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	50,913	\$ 62,863	\$	68,323	\$	137,050	\$	11,107	\$	59,608
Liabilities			_								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$ -	\$	3,300	\$	23,729	\$	-	\$	5,200
Accrued expenses		-	-		-		14,338		-		-
Due to other funds		-	-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-	-		3,300		38,067		-		5,200
Deferred inflows of resources			 								
Unavailable revenue - timing restriction											
for property taxes and fees		-	-		-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	 				-				-
Fund balance											
Nonspendable - prepaid items		-	-		-		-		-		-
Restricted											
General government		-	-		65,023		-		-		-
Public safety		-	-		-		-		11,107		-
Health and welfare		-	-		-		98,983		-		-
Judicial		-	-		-		-		-		-
Cultural and recreation		50,913	62,863		-		-		-		-
Committed											
Cultural and recreation		-	-		-		-		-		54,408
Unassigned		-	 		-		-		-		
Total fund balance		50,913	62,863		65,023		98,983		11,107		54,408
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			 								
of resources, and fund balances	\$	50,913	\$ 62,863	\$	68,323	\$	137,050	\$	11,107	\$	59,608

Fairfield County

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2014

		Clerk of Court Incentive		Clerk of Court IV-D		Victim's Assistance		sh Hook Iousing	911 Tariff		County Donations	
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	84,924	\$	20,885	\$	124,922	\$	5,870	\$	673,303	\$	12,830
Taxes receivable, net		-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net		-		-		-		-		11,977		-
Due from other governmental units		379		-		-		-		54,610		-
Prepaid items				1,320						13,385		
Total assets	\$	85,303	\$	22,205	\$	124,922	\$	5,870	\$	753,275	\$	12,830
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	21,221	\$	78	\$	5,870	\$	5,566	\$	1,252
Accrued expenses		-		984		1,691		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		-		22,205		1,769		5,870		5,566		1,252
Deferred inflows of resources	-											
Unavailable revenue - timing restriction												
for property taxes and fees		-				-		-		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		-		-		<u>-</u>		-
Fund balance												
Nonspendable - prepaid items		-		1,320		-		-		13,385		-
Restricted												
General government		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		123,153		-		-		560
Health and welfare		-		-		-		-		734,324		5,160
Judicial		85,303		-		-		-		-		-
Cultural and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		5,858
Committed												
Cultural and recreation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		(1,320)		-		-				-
Total fund balance		85,303		-		123,153		-		747,709		11,578
Total liabilities, deferred inflows												
of resources, and fund balances	\$	85,303	\$	22,205	\$	124,922	\$	5,870	\$	753,275	\$	12,830

Fairfield County

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

June 30, 2014

	Workforce Investment Act		Justice Assistance Grant		Sheriff Drug Fund	Sheriff Child Support		Sheriff Judgments/ Executions		Sheriff Law Enforcement	
Assets			_								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	73	\$	9,603	\$	8,662	\$	6,480	\$	18,763
Taxes receivable, net	-		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts receivable, net	-		-		-		-		-		-
Due from other governmental units	20,702		10,814		-		776		-		-
Prepaid items			-						-		
Total assets	\$ 20,702	\$	10,887	\$	9,603	\$	9,438	\$	6,480	\$	18,763
Liabilities	 										
Accounts payable	\$ 284	\$	10,887	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Accrued expenses	2,384		-		-		-	•	-	•	-
Due to other funds	18,034		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities	20,702		10,887		-		-		-		-
Deferred inflows of resources	 										
Unavailable revenue - timing restriction											
for property taxes and fees	-		-		-		-		_		-
Total deferred inflows of resources	-		_		_		_				_
Fund balance	 			-							
Nonspendable - prepaid items	_		_		_		_		_		_
Restricted											
General government	_		_		_		-		_		-
Public safety	_		-		9,603		9,438		6,480		18,763
Health and welfare	-		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial	-		-		-		-		-		-
Cultural and recreation	-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed											
Cultural and recreation	-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total fund balance			-		9,603		9,438		6,480		18,763
Total liabilities, deferred inflows											
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 20,702	\$	10,887	\$	9,603	\$	9,438	\$	6,480	\$	18,763

Fairfield County Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2014

	Sex fender	rime ention	e Protection ax District	Grant ubfunds	 Totals
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,800	\$ 184	\$ 1,883,022	\$ 43,836	\$ 3,234,281
Taxes receivable, net	-	-	28,043	-	28,043
Accounts receivable, net	-	-	-	-	14,783
Due from other governmental units	-	-	57	52,467	187,739
Prepaid items	 -	 -	5,403	 -	 20,108
Total assets	\$ 1,800	\$ 184	\$ 1,916,525	\$ 96,303	\$ 3,484,954
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 29,015	\$ 50,641	\$ 157,043
Accrued expenses	-	_	6,026	-	25,423
Due to other funds	-	-	-	36,694	54,728
Total liabilities	-	-	35,041	87,335	237,194
Deferred inflows of resources		 			
Unavailable revenue - timing restriction					
for property taxes and fees	-	-	13,601	-	13,601
Total deferred inflows of resources	-	-	13,601	-	13,601
Fund balance					
Nonspendable - prepaid items	-	-	5,403	-	20,108
Restricted					
General government	-	-	-	-	65,023
Public safety	1,800	184	1,862,480	8,968	2,052,536
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	838,467
Judicial	-	-	-	-	85,303
Cultural and recreation	-	_	-	-	119,634
Committed					
Cultural and recreation	-	_	-	-	54,408
Unassigned	-	-	-	-	(1,320)
Total fund balance	 1,800	 184	1,867,883	8,968	3,234,159
Total liabilities, deferred inflows			 	 	
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 1,800	\$ 184	\$ 1,916,525	\$ 96,303	\$ 3,484,954

Fairfield County

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

	Tourism Promotion		Tourism Related		 Airport	Transit System	heriff eizure	road Track intenance
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	36,925	\$	80,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental		-		-	65,135	140,399	-	-
Licenses, permits, fines and fees		-		-	-	-	-	-
Charges for services		-		-	-	421,543	-	-
Investment income		-		-	-	-	6	-
Miscellaneous					 	 7,023	 	
Total revenues		36,925		80,005	 65,135	 568,965	 6	 -
Expenditures								
General government		-		-	19,158	-	-	-
Public safety		-		-	-	-	-	-
Public works and utilities		-		-	-	-	-	-
Health and welfare		-		-	-	825,586	-	-
Judicial		-		-	-	-	-	-
Cultural and recreation		30,580		60,627	-	-	-	29,969
Capital outlay				-	 -	 -	 	
Total expenditures		30,580		60,627	 19,158	 825,586	 	 29,969
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		6,345		19,378	 45,977	 (256,621)	 6	 (29,969)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in		-		-	-	269,075	-	15,000
Transfers out		-		-	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-	-	269,075	-	15,000
Net change in fund balance		6,345		19,378	45,977	12,454	6	(14,969)
Fund balances, beginning of year		44,568		43,485	19,046	86,529	11,101	69,377
Fund balances, end of year	\$	50,913	\$	62,863	\$ 65,023	\$ 98,983	\$ 11,107	\$ 54,408

Fairfield County
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

	lerk of Court centive	lerk of urt IV-D	Victim ssistance	sh Hook Iousing	 911 Tariff	County Donations	
Revenues							
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Intergovernmental	6,561	103,683	-	-	88,437		-
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	-	-	37,993	-	195,912		-
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	-		-
Investment income	-	-	-	-	-		-
Miscellaneous	 -	 -		 -	 443		11,404
Total revenues	 6,561	 103,683	 37,993	 -	 284,792		11,404
Expenditures							
General government	-	-	-	-	-		626
Public safety	-	-	65,095	-	-		6,316
Public works and utilities	-	-	-	-	-		-
Health and welfare	-	-	-	-	146,200		-
Judicial	7,677	78,124	-	-	-		-
Cultural and recreation	-	-	-	-	-		-
Capital outlay	 -	 6,909		 -			-
Total expenditures	 7,677	 85,033	 65,095	 -	 146,200		6,942
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (1,116)	 18,650	(27,102)	 -	 138,592		4,462
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-		-
Transfers out	-	(18,650)	-	-	-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(18,650)	-	-	-		-
Net change in fund balance	(1,116)	-	(27,102)	-	138,592		4,462
Fund balances, beginning of year	86,419	 	150,255	 -	 609,117		7,116
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 85,303	\$ 	\$ 123,153	\$ 	\$ 747,709	\$	11,578

Fairfield County

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

	orkforce vestment Act	Assistance Dru		Sheriff Drug Fund	Sheriff Child Support			neriff ments/ cutions	Sheriff Law Enforcement		
Revenues											
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Intergovernmental	92,467		14,593		-		9,438		-		-
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	-		-		-		-		-		-
Charges for services	-		-		-		-		902		-
Investment income	-		-		-		-		-		-
Miscellaneous	 60				-						4,810
Total revenues	 92,527		14,593		-		9,438		902		4,810
Expenditures											
General government	119,907		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety	-		11,471		2,815		-		902		7,598
Public works and utilities	-		-		-		-		-		-
Health and welfare	-		-		-		-		-		-
Judicial	-	-			-		-		-		-
Cultural and recreation	-		-		-		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-		3,122		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	119,907		14,593		2,815		-		902		7,598
Excess (deficiency) of revenues											
over (under) expenditures	 (27,380)		-		(2,815)		9,438				(2,788)
Other financing sources (uses)											
Transfers in	27,380		-		-		-		_		-
Transfers out	-		-		-		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 27,380		-		-		-		-		-
Net change in fund balance	 -		-		(2,815)		9,438		-		(2,788)
Fund balances, beginning of year	 -	_			12,418				6,480		21,551
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 	\$		\$	9,603	\$	9,438	\$	6,480	\$	18,763

Fairfield County

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

_	Sex Offender	Crime Prevention	Fire Protection Tax District	Grant Subfunds	Totals
Revenues	A		å 4.255.040		4 202 740
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,265,810	\$ -	\$ 1,382,740
Intergovernmental	-	-	900	174,416	696,029
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	450	-	-	-	234,355
Charges for services	-	-	-	-	422,445
Investment income	-	-	- 7.102	-	6
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	350	7,183		31,273
Total revenues	450	350	1,273,893	174,416	2,766,848
Expenditures					
General government	-	-	-	39,082	178,773
Public safety	150	1,482	608,371	27,739	731,939
Public works and utilities	-	-	-	6,000	6,000
Health and welfare	-	-	-	45,955	1,017,741
Judicial	-	-	-	-	85,801
Cultural and recreation	-	-	-	-	121,176
Capital outlay			25,655	58,354	94,040
Total expenditures	150	1,482	634,026	177,130	2,235,470
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	300	(1,132)	639,867	(2,714)	531,378
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	-	-	1,192	312,647
Transfers out	-	-	-	-	(18,650)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	1,192	293,997
Net change in fund balance	300	(1,132)	639,867	(1,522)	825,375
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,500	1,316	1,228,016	10,490	2,408,784
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,800	\$ 184	\$ 1,867,883	\$ 8,968	\$ 3,234,159

Fairfield County

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds

June 30, 2014

	ln	Capital nprovement Projects	Road provement Program	Imp	Capital Provements 10 GO Bonds	Vater and Sewer Program	&	lid Waste Recycling Capital Fund	Vehicle placement Program	ecreation Capital Fund	Total Nonmajor pital Project Funds
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,853,089	\$ 119,774	\$	958,935	\$ 1,424,844	\$	149,619	\$ 480,170	\$ 367,320	\$ 5,353,751
Due from other funds		569,902	-		-	-		-	-	-	569,902
Due from other governmental units		-	705,504		-	-		-	-	-	705,504
Prepaid items		16,323	 -		-	-		-	 	 -	 16,323
Total assets	\$	2,439,314	\$ 825,278	\$	958,935	\$ 1,424,844	\$	149,619	\$ 480,170	\$ 367,320	\$ 6,645,480
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	14,769	\$ 128,307	\$	277,481	\$ 31,241	\$	65,952	\$ 75,225	\$ -	\$ 592,975
Retainage payable		15,887	-		-	-		-	-	-	15,887
Due to other funds		-	316,583		-	-		-	-	 -	 316,583
Total liabilities		30,656	 444,890		277,481	 31,241		65,952	 75,225	 -	925,445
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable											
Prepaid items		16,323	-		-	-		-	-	-	16,323
Committed											
Public works and utilities		-	380,388		-	1,393,603		83,667	-	-	1,857,658
Capital outlay		2,392,335	-		681,454	-		-	404,945	367,320	3,846,054
Unassigned		-	-		-	-		-	-	-	-
Total fund balances		2,408,658	 380,388		681,454	1,393,603		83,667	404,945	367,320	5,720,035
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	2,439,314	\$ 825,278	\$	958,935	\$ 1,424,844	\$	149,619	\$ 480,170	\$ 367,320	\$ 6,645,480

Fairfield County

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Project Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2014

	Capital Improvement Projects		Road Improvement Program		Capital Improvements FY2010 GO Bonds		Water and Sewer Program		Solid Waste & Recycling Capital Fund		Vehicle Replacement Program		Recreation Capital Fund		Total Ionmajor oital Project Funds
Revenues			_				_								
Intergovernmental	Ş	1,250,000	\$	1,145,935	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,395,935
Investment income		-		-		90,060		-		-		-		-	90,060
Miscellaneous		29,304				19,025						19,473			 67,802
Total revenues		1,279,304		1,145,935		109,085		-		-		19,473		-	2,553,797
Expenditures															
General government		256,321		-		1,005		-		-		7,342		-	264,668
Public works and utilities		-		1,316,416		-		144,295		-		-		-	1,460,711
Capital outlay		1,557,484		38,975		933,340				461,757		190,841		-	 3,182,397
Total expenditures		1,813,805		1,355,391		934,345		144,295		461,757		198,183		-	 4,907,776
Excess (deficiency) of revenues															
over (under) expenditures		(534,501)		(209,456)		(825,260)		(144,295)		(461,757)		(178,710)			(2,353,979)
Other financing sources															
Other financing sources Transfers in		1,206,995						60,000		65,500		387,100			1,719,595
riansiers in		1,200,993						00,000		03,300		367,100			 1,713,333
Total other financing sources		1,206,995						60,000		65,500		387,100			 1,719,595
Net change in fund balances		672,494		(209,456)		(825,260)		(84,295)		(396,257)		208,390		-	(634,384)
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,736,164		589,844		1,506,714		1,477,898		479,924		196,555		367,320	 6,354,419
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,408,658	\$	380,388	\$	681,454	\$	1,393,603	\$	83,667	\$	404,945	\$	367,320	\$ 5,720,035

Fairfield County
Schedule of Budget to Actual Costs - Contract Number PT-44711-29
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014

Administration		SMTF	Local	Total	Budget	Variance with Budget
Personnel	\$ 22,934	\$ 2,619	\$ 4,941	\$ 30,494	\$ 28,667	\$ (1,827)
Fringe benefits	7,335	917	2,308	10,560	9,169	(1,391)
Materials and supplies	274	28	40	342	730	388
Utilities	2,834	307	402	3,543	3,600	57
Casualty and liability insurance	523	-	131	654	3,000	2,346
Travel	121	_	30	151	660	509
Advertising	2	_	1	3	140	137
Medical services	6	_	1	7	80	73
Lease and rental	· ·		-	•	00	,3
Post office box	10	_	2	12	140	128
Office equipment	886	87	134	1,107	2,620	1,513
Total administration	34,925	3,958	7,990	46,873	48,806	1,933
Operations						
Personnel	18,097	9,048	9,048	36,193	101,377	65,184
Fringe benefits	6,151	3,075	3,075	12,301	34,511	22,210
Vehicle services	506	254	254	1,014	3,063	2,049
Fuel and lubricants	6,449	3,224	4,564	14,237	40,295	26,058
Miscellaneous expenses	3, 1.13	3,== .	.,50 .	1.,207	.0,233	-
Record checks	34	17	17	68	200	132
Fire safety	20	10	10	40	200	160
Motor vehicle supplies	647	324	324	1,295	5,000	3,705
Equipment parts and supplies	85	43	43	171	500	329
Office supplies	2	1	1	4	25	21
Maintenance supplies	15	7	7	29	500	471
Uniforms/clothing	250	126	126	502	1,600	1,098
Education/training	12	7	7	26	538	512
Cell phone	241	120	120	481	2,100	1,619
Telephone	48	24	24	96	400	304
Vehicle tracking	344	171	172	687	3,000	2,313
Medical services	160	80	80	320	1,000	680
Utilities	248	124	124	496	1,500	1,004
Total operations	33,309	16,655	17,996	67,960	195,809	127,849
Capital						
Preventive maintenance						
Salaries and fringe benefits	29,018	3,142	4,112	36,272	68,301	32,029
Rental lease-uniforms	160	20	20	200	200	-
Miscellaneous	178	22	22	222	222	-
Miscellaneous equipment						
Ergonomic health chairs	1,077	269	1,280	2,626	1,600	(1,026)
ADP Hardware						
Computers and printers	1,808	452	366	2,626	2,260	(366)
Smartboard system	6,000	1,500	97	7,597	7,500	(97)
Weather information system	827	207	-	1,034	1,070	36
Total capital	39,068	5,612	5,897	50,577	81,153	30,576
Technical assistance						
Route Match	6,872	-	1,718	8,590	8,590	-
Total technical assistance	6,872		1,718	8,590	8,590	
Total contract	\$ 114,174	\$ 26,225	\$ 33,601	\$ 174,000	\$ 334,358	\$ 160,358

		nedule 13
Fairfield County		
Schedule of Court Fines, Surcharges and Assessment Activity - Victim's Assistance		
For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014		
Court fines		425.740
Collected	\$	135,718
Retained by County		31,460
	\$	104,258
Court assessments		
Collected	\$	15,380
Retained by County		1,042
	\$	14,338
Court surcharges	_ 	<u> </u>
Collected	\$	107,884
Retained by County		5,492
	\$	102,392
Victim's assistance		
Court assessments	\$	31,460
Court surcharges		6,533
Allocated to Victim's Assistance		37,993
Victim's Assistance expenditures		65,095
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(27,102)
Fund balance, beginning of year		150,255
Fund balance, end of year	\$	123,153

Schedule 14

Fairfield County Computation of Legal Debt Margin June 30, 2014		
Assessed value (1)		\$ 136,465,968
Debt limit - 8% of assessed value (2)		\$ 10,917,277
Amount of debt applicable to debt limit (3): Total general obligation bonds Less: Debt service funds available	\$ 5,894,178 1,261,572	
Total debt applicable to debt limit		4,632,606

NOTES:

Legal debt margin

(1) The assessed valuation shown is the assessed value at December 31, 2012 used for 2013 property tax computations.

6,284,671

- (2) The legal debt limit is controlled by Article X, Section 14 of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina.
- (3) The legal debt limit governed by Article X of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina provided that each county, township, school district, municipal or subdivision may issue bonded indebtedness up to eight percent of the assessed value of all corporation or political division property therein. The debt limit of eight percent can be exceeded only after a referendum of the voters is affected.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Fairfield County Council Fairfield County Winnsboro, South Carolina

We have audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fairfield County, South Carolina (the County) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 15, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be a significant deficiency (2013-3).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The County's Response to Findings

The County's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Responses*. The County's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Elliott Davis, LLC

Columbia, South Carolina December 15, 2014

Schedule of Findings and Responses For the year ended June 30, 2014

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

(a.) Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

(b.) Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified:
 Significant deficiency(ies) identified:
 Yes

(c.) Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

II. Findings Relating To The Basic Financial Statements Reported In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Item 2013-3: Treasurer's Office - Journal Entries

Condition: The Treasurer's Office does not document who initiates or approves journal entries. In addition, the Treasurer's Office does not reconcile the automated cash receipt entry prepared by CSRA to the New World general ledger system.

No

Criteria: The initiator and reviewer of each journal entry should be documented to demonstrate that there was proper segregation of duties. All journal entries should be reconciled to the general ledger and not just posted in the CSRA system.

Cause: The Treasurer's Office does not have a policy for entering or reviewing journal entries.

Effect: We were unable to determine who prepared any of our selected journal entries or if they were reviewed prior to posting. In addition, the Treasurer's Office did not maintain a reconciliation from CSRA to New World for any of our selected cash receipts entries.

Context: We noted the above condition during journal entry and cash receipt testing of the Treasurer's Office.

Recommendation: The Treasurer's Office should develop a formal policy establishing who can prepare and review certain journal entries. In addition, the Treasurer's Office should begin to reconcile its cash receipts to the New World general ledger system.

Status Update: The Treasurer's Office created a formal journal entry form to document the initiator and the approver, however it was noted during audit testing that this form is not being used consistently. It was further noted that the Treasurer's Office implemented a process in which the Deputy Treasurer reconciles cash receipts to the New World general ledger system.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions: The Treasurer's Office is replacing the prior year's journal entry form. The Treasurer will print all journal entries and the initiator and the approver will both sign off on the printed journal entry document.